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VOL. 38. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1903. NO. 8.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Rain.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

At Old Reliable Drug Store will be found, without exaggerating, the largest, the finest, the best selected, and the best priced stock of wall paper ever offered to the people of our town. It is impossible for the man who buys a room or two of wall paper at a time and pay, as he would have to—seventy-five cents to one dollar express charges on each purchase, to sell you your paper at a price that I or any other regular dealer can and will sell it to you for. Think this over carefully and you will see the reasonableness of this proposition. Anxious to show my stock. Come, come. Save money, save money.

Yours truly,

L. TAGGART.

Artistic Painting

—AND—

PAPER HANGING!

Will receive prompt attention and all work intrusted to me will be guaranteed satisfactory. I am prepared to furnish my customers with both Paints and Wall Papers, and save you big money. Estimates cheerfully given on contract work. Apply to

F. H. PEARSALL.

Church Letting.

Sealed bids for the erection of a proposed new Church will be received by the Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Emporium, Pa., up to April 20th, 1903. The plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the President of the Board, I. K. Hockley. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Signed,
I. K. HOCKLEY,
President of the Board.
J. H. DAY, Secretary. 7-2t.

Alumni Will Meet.

The members of the High School Alumni are requested to meet at the high school building next Tuesday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. It is hoped every one will be present.

Candy Sale.

At Taggart's Drug Store, every Friday afternoon and evening (especially) you can purchase choice home-made cream candy, manufactured by Class No. 9, of Presbyterian Sunday school, proceeds to go towards the building of their new church. Our people can make a small contribution toward the improvement of our town by purchasing a small amount of this choice candy and Class No. 9, and the church will be ever grateful.

COOK WANTED—A good cook wanted. Must not be afraid of work. Wages $30 per month to right party. Apply at Junction House, East Emporium, Pa.

"The best is always the cheapest." But the cheapert is not always the best. But first quality clothes are considerable cheaper at N. Seger's than at any other house in this county.

FOR SALE—Two good second hand lumber wagons, one with box and one without box, for sale at a bargain. Call on or address.

A. J. SEIFRIED.
7-2t. Emporium or Cameron, Pa.

Good second hand heavy two horse wagon for sale at a bargain. Call or address. CHAS. M. JOHNSTON.
7-2t. Sterling Run Pa.

Station Moved.

The depot which stood empty at Gardeau since the decline of that once thriving lumber town has been moved to Sizerville and is being fixed in up-to-date style. This will be a great convenience to the people of that village. —Port Allegany Argus.

Searching in This County.

The Galeton Leader-Dispatch says Sheriff VanDusen of Tioga county made a lengthy trip through Potter county and to Sizerville, Cameron county, in search of any clues to Myers the murderer of Mrs. Payne and says he was much fatigued when he returned to Galeton, from sleeping in barns, having been without food forty-eight hours.

Will Go to Cameron.

Landlord Harry McGee, of the Colesburg hotel, will leave the hostelry April 15, and go to Cameron, where he will engage in the same line of business. Chris Mosch will be the new proprietor of the Colesburg Hotel.—Potter Enterprise.

Mr. McGee has rented the New Cameron house of Edward McFadden and we understand will make many improvements on the property.

Dear Old Mother.

When time scatters white flakes over the once dark glossy hair of the dear old mother, and plants furrows on the cheek which you can remember as once being smooth and pink then is the time to love and cherish even more tenderly than ever before, that mother in the home. The eye may be dim, but it never fails to grow with love for man or woman who was once her little child, her sands of time are nearly run out, but her affections will last to the end. Then watch over her, as she watched over you; cheer her declining years with your never waning devotion. She is your mother, whose place no other has or even can fill. For years she gathered you in her arms in times of childish troubles; do not forget now to sometimes hold her arms to your heart and kiss her withered cheek.

Easter Services in the First Methodist Episcopal Sunday School.

The Easter observance on the part of the Sunday school of the First Methodist Episcopal church was very pleasing and impressive.

The programme as published in the PRESS of last week was carried out in full, the several numbers being rendered in a creditable and happy manner. The attendance reached 428 and included a goodly number of strangers. The decoration of Easter lilies and ever greens lent beauty to the chancel, which was filled with members of the primary and Junior Department.

Each member of the school and each visitor received an appropriate and beautiful remembrance of the day.

The Superintendant Mr. T. B. Lloyd with his assistants have been untiring in their efforts and they have their reward in the gratifying success achieved

Another Man Killed.

Another fatality occurred on the hill between Kane and Wilcox, Saturday afternoon, Engineer Campbell, who runs one of the pushers, left Kane between 5 and 6 Saturday and had slowed at O. W. tower at the end of the double track for orders. Two section men were walking along the track on their way home and the men for some unaccountable reason, stepped in front of the moving engine, and one of them a Greek, named James Paraskaopulus, was instantly killed, his body being cut in two. The remains were brought to Kane and given in charge of undertaker Vollmer, who prepared it for burial. The young man had been married but a short time before coming to this country and was saving his money to send for his wife.—Kane Republican,

Concerning Misfits.

Boys deserve what they themselves call a square deal. Do you know that the percentage of boys who drop out of school is decidedly on the increase? Do you know why? You must grant that it is a bad thing. We already have too many misfits in the people of a community, men and women who are out of work are in the wrong work. They cannot adapt themselves to their sorroundidgs. And why? Simply because they are untraind. They have the power, but they cannot direct it. Unless we can keep our boys in school the number of misfits will increase, and we cannot afford to have that happen. We must so adapt our school work as to retain our boys in school We cannot keep them there without giving them something worth while, and we can well afford to give them that though it cost us something at the time.—Clarion Republican.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

BARNER.

The funeral of Beulah, the infant child of Mr. and Mrs Clyde Barner was held from their home last Saturday morning Rev. O. S. Metzler officiating. The body was intered in the family plot at Lock Haven.

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GERMOND.

Martin Germond died at his home near the Climax Powder Company's plant last Friday afternoon, April 10, from the stroke of paralysis received two days before while engaged at his work with the above named firm. Mr. Germond was in his usual health and the suddenness of his departure is a sad shock to his family who have the sympathy of the community in their affliction.

The deceased, who was an industrious man, was born in Plattsburg, N. Y. 80 years ago. For 50 years he has resided in Emporium and has been employed by the Climax Powder Company from the first establishment of the plant. He is survived by a wife and three children Getrude and May who reside at home and Mrs. Catharine Brower who lives in Buffalo. Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. O. S. Metzler the pastor of the family at his late home last Sunday afternoon and were largely attended.

Explosion at the Furnace.

Last Friday morning our people were startled by a terriffic explosion at the Emporium furnace, thinking the plant had been blown to pieces, but it was soon learned that it was not as bad as was at first surmised. The explosion was ccused by the iron breaking through the bottom, and coming in contact with the water on the outside. The men were working within ten feet of where the explosion occurred, endeavoring to get the furnace open to obviate the serious results of an explosion when the accident happened, but fortunately no one was injured, the force of the concussion going in the opposite direction, tearing the roof off the cast house, windows out of the engine room and throwing bricks and pieces of iron in every direction, and as a result the plant will be under repairs for some weeks.

The entire force were at once put to work, both day and night, tearing out the inside to have the necessary repairs made as soon as possible, and at this writing the work is progressing rapidly. The day previous to the explosion the furnace made the best run of iron in its history and the accident is a big loss to Mr. Brady.

Class of 1903.

The final examinations for the senior class were concluded on Saturday with the result that Fred Lloyd leads the class with Mazie Gallagher a close second The first named will consequently deliver the valedictory and the second the salutatory on commencement night.

The baccalaureate sermon will be preached on the night of May 3, by Rev. W. A. Pugsley of the Baptist church, the services to be held in the Methodist church on account of the larger audience room. The commencement exercises will follow on Wednesday night, May 6, in the opera house as before announced.

Sons of Temperance Meet.

At the last regular meeting of Benj. F. Dennisson Division, No. 245, Sons of Temperance, the following officers were installed: Worthy Patriarch, Stephen Bunce; Worthy Associate, James Lynch; Worthy Matron, Sara Summerson; Recording Scribe, Nellie O'Keefe; Asst. Recording Scribe, Grace Smith; Financial Scribe Fred Mason; Treasurer. Hattie Darrin; Chaplain, Rev. Ebersole; Conductor, Blanch Kissel; Asst. Conductor, Wright Mason; Inside Sentinel, Gladys O'Keefe; Outside Sentinel, Clarence Howlett; Past Worthy Patriarch, J. A. Dice; Organist, Flora Ebersole.

Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor, morning subject, "The Unseen Christ;" evening, "Emporium Jonan's. Bible school at the close of morning worship, C. E. Crandell, Superintendent. Y. P. S C. E., Sunday evening, 6:30, B. Olmsted, Pres. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, 7:30 o'clock. We welcome every one to any or all of our services.

Citizen Hose Ball.

The Citizens Hose Co., ball at the opera house on Tuesday evening was largely attended and a neat sum was realized. The side board being chanced off was won by Michael Murphy, proprietor of the Commercial Hotel.

Editorial Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 14th 1903.—After long and hotly contested controversy the Legislature this afternoon decided the Legislative contest between Hon. Henry H. Mullin and Hon. Francis X. Blumle, the Elections Committee presenting their report signed by all seven of the Republican members, in favor of seating the contestant, Mr. Mullin. Upon a vote being taken 119 voted in favor of the report and 49 against it. Mr. Mullin was sworn in as Representative this (Tuesday) evening by Judge Weiss. The same committee also reported in favor of seating James G. Harvey, of Luzerne, and he also took the oath.

The fight against the Cameron contestant was backed by a wealthy combination, being the most bitter ever waged here. This powerful combination has voted for every measure and "dodged" all others that seemed to them it possibly could assist them in defeating Mr. Mullin. With all their millions they could no longer stand up and Mr. Mullin and his friends carried the House with them, in spite of the influence (?) used to persuade nine Republicans to go over to the Democratic side.

The following from the Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette is a fair statement of the facts:

HARRISBURG, April 14.—Francis X. Blumle of Cameron and B. J. Ferry of Luzerne, two Democratic members who dodged the vote on the press muzzler, were to-day unseated. In Blumle's case nine Republicans voted to prevent his ousting. His seat is surrendered to Harry H. Mullin and Ferry's succcssor is James G. Harvey. Both are stalwart Republicans. They were sworn in to-night.

The two Democrats were ousted after a careful investigation had been made of the cases by the elections committee of the house of which J. Lee Plummer of Blair is chairman. The democrats tried to make as much capital out of the unseating as possible, but the evidence clearly shows that Mullin and Ferry are entitled to their seats.

Chairman Plummer presented the majority report unseating Blumle, charging that 84 illegal votes were cast for him, giving him an apparent majority. Representative Ammerman of Montour defended Blumle, but his presentation of the case did not break into the Republican party wall. Mr. Plummer answered Ammerman's oratory with facts. XXX.

A Thrilling Adventure.

A local Sunday school class composed of the loveliest young ladies we known of, recently planned "an evening" at one their homes. After discussing various schemes of entertainment, concluded a bottle of "pop" would be the means of having the grandest kind of a time.

They pooled their money and deputized two of their members to purchase it which they did, first reconnoitering to see that no one was in the store. They were so afraid of being seen, that they would not permit the grocer time to wrap it up. One of them seized it and hid it beneath her jacket, and they hurriedly joined their waiting companions on the street. They had not gone far before the cork became loosened and the bottle began to sizzle. The young lady dropped it and they fled with shrieks of terror. One of them who had heard a brother say, that pop was harmless, went back after it, cautiously walking sideways and ready to fly at the slightest sign of danger. Finding all quiet she picked it up and bravely carried it to their rendezvous, where she hid it beneath a sofa pillow. A little latter one of the girls forgetting all about the pop sat down upon the pillow. The bottle instantly protested with a loud sizzle. Had there been no ceiling to the room the young lady might have jumped a triffle higher and then began a wild scramble for the door. After vainly trying to persuade some one to go back and investigate, they returned en-masse, walking on their tip toes and holding their breath, carefully removing the pillow, they found the bottle wearing an innocent "never done a thing" expression and decided to dispose of it at once before something else happened, first locking the door. Two of the girls who had signed a temperance pledge were very much troubled over the breaking of it, but finally throwing their scruppies to the winds, recklessly drank a spoonful each.

The girls say birch beer is "just lovely," but too exciting and they will cling to ice cream soda in the future. Each one thinks it is some one's place to return the empty bottle, which at last accounts was safely hidden beneath a bureau. Will not some boy gallantly volunteer to fish it out, and return it to the grocery man, thereby rescuing the girls from this terrible dilemma.

BRIEF MENTION.

Mrs. Belle Beattie is having her lot graded.

Work is being rushed on the Climax residence.

H. H. Cloyes is busy erecting a dam at Huntley mill.

Buy your clothes of the pioneer clothier of this county, N. Seger.

The Masonic fraternity banqueted at the reading room last Tuesday evening.

It is rumored that Emporium will lose one of its prominent young ladies in the very near future.

A number of Renovo's young people attended the ball at the opera House Tuesday evening given by the Citizen Hose Co.

William McDonald is getting material on the ground for the erection of a residence on Fourth street to be occupied by himself and family.

Ex Senator Delamater, formerly of Meadville, and at one time a candidate for governor, is now located in Pittsburg, where he is engaged in the insurance business.

The McKean County Fish and Game Protective association has so far this season distributed 60,000 trout fry in McKean streams, and men who have since joined the club distributed 5,000 fry before joining. More fry will be received very soon and will be distributed.

The first artificial butter was "margarine," made in Poissy, France, in 1869. It was made from the fat of the loins and kidneys of cattle, which when metled, is some times called "oleo oil," This oil, tallow, lard, olive and cotton-seed oil are used, combined with dairy butter, in making the various butterines. Cocoanut butter is largely used in northern Europe.—[Ex.

Never leave an umbrella standing on the point in the ordinary way when wet the water trickles down, spoiling the silk and making the wires rusty. It is also a mistake to leave it standing open, as this stretches the silk making it baggy, so that it is impossible to fold it smoothly. The proper way is to shake out as much water as possible, then stand the umbrella on its handle to drain.

The corn planter is the poorest implement we have on the farm. It drops the kernels of a hill all together and has no provision for scattering them out. If the three kernels of a hill were dropped four or five inches apart they would produce three fine large ears, which would make 138 bushels per acre, but when three plants grow from the same spot or two of them will be deformed and produce only small ears.

Soon after the Roosevelts took up their residence at the White House, a fawning society woman asked one of the younger boys if he didn't dislike the "common boys" whom he met at the public schools. The little fellow looked at her in wonderment, and then said: "My papa says that there are only tall boys and short boys and bad boys and good boys, and that's all the kinds of boys there are."—[Bradford Era.

The Cross Fork News never guessed nearer than when it said: "Strange, isn't it, that the men who kicks on the local newspaper are the ones who borrow it from their neighbors or who owe several years' subscription? Those who subscribe and pay are satisfied but those who sponge it hardly get their money's worth. If you are not a subscriber you are not supposed to know what is in the paper or what is not in it and you have no kick coming." Ninety-nine times out of a hundred this will prove true.

If fisherman paste this little slip in their hats and read it over occasionally it may save them some money. The law prohibits the catching of trout before April 15. Fine of violation is $25. It further provides that no trout less than six inches in length shall be taken from any stream. Fish wardens say the law requires them to examine baskets and they propose to do so. The fine is $10 for each and every trout found in any one's possession that is under lawful size.

The enormous growth of the coffee habit in this country is shown by the fact that in 1902, for the first time in our history, we imported more than 1,000,000 pounds of coffee, at a bulk cost of more than $70,000,000 and probable retail price to consumers of nearly three times that sum. This would represent a supply of nearly 20 pounds at a retail cost of $4 for every person in the United States over 10 years of age. Love for coffee has become universal, but, like many other food or drink indulgencies, it is best to practice moderation in its use.

Farm for Rent.

A farm for rent; pleasant location. Twenty minutes drive from Emporium. Enquire of M. M. Larrabee, Emporium, Pa. 7-3t.

Centenial Addition.

The centenial addition of the Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin is executed in first class shape and is a credit to that popular journal. May the paper continue to prosper for another century as it has in the past.

Entertainment.

An entertainment under the direction of R. R. McQuay's Sunday school class will be held in the Presbyterian church, Friday evening, Apri 17th. Proceeds for benefit of new Presbyterian church.

Programme: Magic lantern scenes, gramophone selections, violin, piano and vocal music. Admission 10 cents.

Ira Barclay Wants Championship.

Justice of the Peace Ira Barclay, of Wharton, arrived in town last week and in a conversation with an Enterprise representative said that he soon intends to wrest from 'Squire Shear the title of being the champion marrying justice of Potter county. Mr. Shear has to his credit seventy-one marriages, but Mr. Barclay is rapidly gaining on him.—Enterprise.

Annual Inspection.

The Board of Health will make its annual round of the Borough, beginning Friday, May 1st, and purpose making a house to house inspection of cellars, house sewerage, back yards and privy vaults.

This timely notice is given that there may be no excuse for untidy or unhealthful conditions to endanger the the welfare of your own family or the community at large.

G. METZGER, Sec'y.

Mr. Overturf's Departure.

The removal of Mr. and Mrs. Ross L. Overturf to Scottdale, Pa., is much regretted by their many Emporium friends. Mr. Overturf was offered a large advance in salary by a Scottdale firm and this added to the fact that Mrs. Overturf parents reside there, were the reasons that induced them to make the change. We wish them continued success and happiness.

False Alarm.

Last Sunday about noon the fire alarm in the East Ward was sounded and the Citizens, Hooks, and Hamilton fire companies responded quickely, when they found the cause of the trouble was only the burning out of a chimney on the house owned by Peter Furgerson on Sixth street extension and their services were not needed as a few pails of water soon extinguished the fire.

Accidents.

Last Friday evening while Thomas Lyons was driving down Fourth street one of Edward Morse's little girls crossed the street ahead of the vehicle, and turned quickly to go back when she was struck and knocked down, bruising the little one somewhat, but no serious injuries were sustained.

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Patrick Duffy, a young man from Renovo was thrown from Buffalo Flyer, as the train struck the sharp curve east of Emporium Junction, on Tuesday afternoon, sustaining a severe cut across the forehead. The young man was picked up and taken to the Junction, where Dr. Bardwell dressed the wound and he was taken back home on Erie Mail that evening.

Summer School Notice.

The undersigned wishes to announce that he will conduct a short summer term, commencing May 11, if a sufficient number of students enroll.

Pupils in primary, intermediate and advanced work admitted. Tuition will be very reasonable. This will be a most excellent opportunity for pupils to do some extra work, by studying only the branches that they desire.

Teachers of practical experience will have charge of the work. The school will be conducted in Plank Road graded school building.

W. J. LEAVITT,
Emporium, Pa.

WANTED—Experienced sawyer to run circular saw mill, cutting up logs and sizing timber. Must understand filing saws. Address Sawyer, care CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

WANTED.—Girl to do general house work. Small family. Wages $3.00 per week. Apply to

Mrs. C. L. HOWARD,
Emporium, Pa.

Why wear shabby clothes when you can buy a neat suit so cheap at N. Seger's Call and see him.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2: each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insersertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year: over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Revising the Ways of Nature.

Nature did some very excellent work in the early days, and considering that she had no models or standards to guide her, we must admit a certain sort of genius in her performances. But in the light of the more modern creations in the department of agriculture at Washington, and by independent minds elsewhere, we see the first efforts some hundreds of thousands of years ago were but glimmerings. For instance, as the St. Louis Globe-Democrat points out, a grape has just been developed that contains no seeds. Hundreds of thousands of years ago, a seedless grape was inconceivable. There was then, of course, no great demand for it, for the vermiform process had not become an appendix. It was an active associate of the other vitals, and did not set itself up as a superfluous member, to exist without toil, and recognized, as it is now, as only a marplot. The vermiform appendix has made the seedless grape a necessity, therefore we have it. The busy wizard at Washington has produced a combination of the tangerine and the pomele, or grape fruit, which he calls a "tangelo." Likewise the strawberry and the raspberry have been merged with a suggestion of both. A plum has been brought forth which has discarded its pit, but strangely enough retains the kernel of it, so that it really becomes a sort of piece of confectionery with a nut in the center. This sort of thing will be kept on, we foresee, until chocolate creams can just as well be grown on the cacao bushes as not, by a kind of chemical relation set up between them and a few stalks of sugar cane near by, suggesting the old idea of hybridizing the strawberry and milkweed plant to produce strawberries and cream. The whole plant world will soon be brought to a state of the utmost bewilderment by these necromancers, and that ancient simile about the acorn containing the embryo of the mighty oak become purely fictitious; it may turn out nothing but a flowering bean bearing acorns. Dame Nature will then be in a perpetual state of mystification like the hen whose chicks prove to be ducklings. We, as masters of the universe, have no desire to play tricks on the good dame, out of mischief, but are only beginning to correct the many errors that would naturally occur in constructing the flora and fauna and other branches of animate and inanimate life hastily.

Keeping an Honest Mind.

Intellectual honesty is worth more to a woman than skill on the piano or the mandolin, or the prettiest taste in poetry or millinery. Happy she who is not ashamed of the plain yea and nay of her mind! She has not only a virtue, but also a fresh charm which will make her companionship agreeable and desired when wiser folks are tiresome. Doubtless, observes the Youth's Companion, it is good to prefer Shakespeare to modern fiction, but if one does not actually find "Hamlet" as good reading as the latest novel, it does not help matters to pretend one does. A Beethoven sonata has been adjudged by the verdict of time a higher place than any ragtime melody is likely to attain. Still the girl who assumes an admiration for Beethoven which she really feels only for the "coon song" advantages neither herself nor her friends. Honesty is the path, and the only path, to growth. For faulty taste there are a hundred remedies. For affected taste there is none. The woman who pretends to a conventional enthusiasm suspects, and for good reason, the enthusiasm of others. Distrusting herself, she locks fast her doors against other suspicious characters, and becomes intellectually a recluse. The honest mind has always a new point of view. The owner of it may not write learned criticisms, but she has a bright word for an odd minute. She can talk well of hens or cats or buttons. She meets every experience of life with a wholesome relish. She is likely to have passed upon her that well-worn but flattering judgment: "She is interesting!"

WOMEN THE CAUSE OF WAR

By DR. ADOLF G. VOGELER,

Editor of the Western Druggist and Student of Anthropology.

Old Adam was right—it is the woman. The rape of the Sabine women is not an isolated historical fact; the "best" man of to-day is but the dim memory of the days when men, or tribes, went forth to woo by force their "helpmeets." Or to procure sustenance, or help, or ornamentation for their mates, the men were, and are, willing to do battle for them. Practically all that man does beyond keeping himself alive, or for play, is for woman. Hence, allowing some unimportant exceptions, woman is at the bottom of all warfare.

Next, woman is dependent upon man for protection for self and offspring. But the man who has proven his prowess in combat is the one chosen as a life partner. Knowing that the victorious warrior will have his choice among the maidens of his tribe, will not men face bloodshed and death in order to win the coveted prize? That women do prefer fighting men there is evidence in abundance, if one will but keep his eyes open.

But further, woman's heart is fond of tinsel and gew-gaws: What plain-dressed civilian stands any show in the presence of the epauletted and gold-braided son of Mars, who, in addition, is bedecked with the symbols of physical force, and, perchance, by the tailor's art made to look more imposing and stronger?

If woman—collective woman—is looking for a mission—here you have it; and it will keep her busy for generations to come. With this to engage their attention, women need not bother their dear little heads about equal rights and other frills. Let women educate the rising generations in the true spirit, and endeavor to regenerate mankind, including themselves. Let them DETERMINE that there shall be no more wars.

Women ALONE can make wars impossible; and that not through any patent process, such as woman's suffrage, or economic revolution, or some other quack remedy offered as a cure-all but by their will and determination. To this end women must realize that wars are destructive and set back the constructive processes of civilization, and that we cannot inflict injury upon others without harming ourselves. The race must be made conscious of this truism, and we must begin with the rising generation, our school children.

It is impossible to change abruptly human nature, but under civilization reason supplants the impulses born of instinct and passion, the latter being kept in a latent, undeveloped state. My premises being assumed to be true, then we must banish from our schools and homes all reminders of war and glorification of warriors; we must cease to make histories of nations a record of bloodshed and destruction, but in its stead let us learn what has been accomplished in the field of human progress in the arts of peace; we must cease to erect monuments to war heroes, but instead remember those who by their labors have benefited their fellow men; we must cease to teach FALSE reverence for the flag, and no longer drum into our children's ears: "My country—right or WRONG—my country." And, withal, we must open our eyes to the fact that the recent and thoroughly surprising recrudescence of the war spirit in this country would not have been but for the years of "patriotic" drills in our schools and churches and in the forum; and also open our eyes to the further fact in this promulgation of the war spirit that the women teachers seem the most enthusiastic—a phenomenon not strange, however, in the light of the foregoing argument and the fact of woman's more emotional nature.

Woman must try to suppress her natural emotions and see things in the new light. She must learn to abhor war and to despise the warrior. Man, the weaker vessel, is as wax in the hand of woman and unable to resist, even as Samson was shorn of his power by Delilah. When collective woman folds her soft arm around collective man's rugged neck, and softly whispers into his ear: "You must not go out, my love, and kill, and maim, and destroy, for I shall grieve if you do; yea, I shall surely frown upon you if you do!" Then will he press a kiss upon her rosy lips and meekly return to his plowshare—and then there will be peace on earth; and gradually, in the course of eons, the human heart may grow better and better, and then, perhaps, wars will become impossible.

Adolf G. Vogeler.

THE PROGRESS OF JAPAN

By K. TAKAHIRA,

Japanese Minister to the United States.

ALTHOUGH Japan had been shut off from the world, knowledge from abroad had crept in by various channels and had permeated and influenced intelligent public opinion. And so, when Perry knocked at Japan's door, he found, as has been said by a distinguished Japanese, "a man on the inside to help him open it."

Japanese progress has really been a plant of slow growth. It has been tended and nourished at no small cost of labor and sacrifice. Now that it has borne fruit it is the earnest desire of the Japanese people that kindred nations, their neighbors, should undertake the same labor for themselves and enjoy like benefits. That sums up Japan's attitude toward other eastern nations.

It has been said that Christianity must be the basis of all genuine national progress. I admire and respect Christianity and acknowledge the great good it has accomplished, but I think it is not so much the form as the spirit that matters in this regard.

Japan is not a Christian nation in the sense in which the term is used. Her religion consists of what Dr. Griffis calls an "amalgam' of three systems of morality and religion—Shintoism, Confucianism and Buddhism. The moral lessons drawn from the three have been combined into a system of ethics peculiar to Japan.

Perhaps the most important result has been the inculcation of a spirit of loyalty and devotion to duty which has been taught for centuries, an adherence to which has enabled the Japanese people to adapt themselves to new circumstances with cheerfulness and to surmount difficulties that might otherwise have barred the way to all national progress.

It is her desire that peace and orderly development shall prevail. The maintenance of peace and of mutual interdependence among the eastern nations she regards as the only means by which prosperity can be assured to them. This does not mean that there should be a coalition, either offensive or defensive, among the eastern nations against the rest of the world.

A country to be truly prosperous must have prosperous and ontented neighbors. Japan desires that her neighbors shall be prosperous and contented both for their own sakes and for hers.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

Expenditures of the Fifty-Seventh Congress Justified by the Country's Needs.

A few years ago—it seems but yesterday—the appropriations of a republican congress aggregated about $1,000,000,000. The democratic party sought to make a campaign issue of the fact. In the press and from the stump the country rang with denunciations of "republican extravagance" and of the "billion-dollar congress,"

To these attacks Speaker Reed responded with the brief remark that this had become a "billion-dollar country." Common sense men appreciated the force of the argument, but the democratic party continued to rave. Then a democratic majority appeared in congress, and was forced by practical experience to learn something of the size and needs of this nation. And behold, that democratic congress was also a "billion-dollar congress," says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

While the Spanish war did not inspire the democratic party with courage to face the task of dealing constructively with the consequences of a conflict for which its representatives in congress had clamored, it did at least open democratic eyes a little to the dimensions of the United States as measured by national expenditures. Even the stunted democratic imagination managed to grow just a little.

Thus it came about that when Senator Allison, in the closing hours of the Fifty-seventh congress, announced that its appropriations had aggregated $1,554,108,514, he was able to add that not only had the people of the country indorsed this expenditure as necessary, but also that the opposite political party had concurred in it. The democratic members, in fact, had come to understand that this is not only a billion-dollar, but even a billion-and-a-half-dollar country.

The expenditures of the Fifty-seventh congress exceeded those of the Fifty-sixth by $113,619,080. Of this $50,000,000 goes to begin the isthmian canal, about $50,000,000 to improve the postal service, especially in the matter of rural free delivery, and the rest for rivers and harbors, for which the Fixty-sixth congress did much less than usual. And the people are glad to have their money spent for these purposes.

The democratic party learns very slowly, and often seems to have forgotten everything it was supposed to have learned. But it has at least learned that there is nothing disgraceful, but quite the reverse, in spending your money for things that you need and for your own and others' welfare.

A DENIAL THAT EVADES.

Bryan's Wily Statement Regarding His Contemplated Course in the 1904 Convention.

Mr. Bryan was recently quoted to have denied the published report that he had declared his intention to lead a bolt from the next democratic convention if the conservative element should secure control and proceed to reorganization of the party on a platform not including the essential planks of the Kansas City platform. But his denial is peculiar, says the Albany Journal.

Mr. Bryan did not say that he would not bolt the convention, but only he said that he did not say he would. He added: "Never will you find the gold democrats capturing any democratic convention of national importance. The very idea is absurd."

It may be inferred from this that Mr. Bryan has not directly threatened to bolt the convention if the reorganization faction should gain control, merely because he deems it to be impossible for the occasion for a bolt to arise. He has not said that he would not bolt if that which he declares to be impossible should nevertheless come to pass.

Mr. Bryan will have to make a clearer, more definite statement before the suspicion will be allayed that a change of control of the party would cause him to place himself at the head of those who would follow him out of the regular democracy, and set up a party of his own.

After all that he has said against those democrats who have opposed the declarations and principles of the Kansas City platform, it seems inconceivable that he would ever bring himself to join them and work with them.

PRESS COMMENTS.

☞"Stuffed prophet" is old, to be sure, but a man has to be a stuffed something to have influence with the democratic party.—Sioux City Journal.

☞Mr. Bryan complains of the expenditures of the last congress, and in speaking of the treasury surplus says: "The wonder is they did not take it all." The last congress of which Mr. Bryan was a member did more than that—it took it all, and then some more, leaving in the vaults of the United States treasury a generous vacuum which the administration was compelled to fill by issuing bonds and building a handsome addition to the public debt.—Shelbyville Republican.

☞Mr. Bryan in the role of universal critic is one the people are becoming accustomed to, but he should not object when he in turn is held up to criticism. As an old laconic saying expresses it: "He who would shun criticism must not be a scribbler; and he who would court it must have great abilities or great folly."—N. Y. World

☞Col. Watterson's remark that "free silver is as dead as Judas" is an unpleasant association of ideas for many democrats. The colonel's vote against Bryan in 1896 and for him in 1900 should induce a milder use of metaphors.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE ALDRICH FINANCE BILL.

Timely Move in the Direction of a Much Needed Financial Reform.

Mr. Aldrich, chairman of the senate committee on finance, announces that he will appoint a subcommittee, to meet during the recess of congress, which will draw up a finance bill to be submitted to the senate at the opening of the next session in December. There is no doubt that the committee is desirous of making quick work with financial reform this time. The bill for this purpose which was before the recent congress was prepared too late to have any chance for enactment. The proposed measure will be one of the first which will go on the senate's calendar, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The senate, on one notable occasion, showed that it was capable of very quick work in the way of financial reform. This was in 1874. When the democrats carried the house of representatives in November of that year, thus endangering the work of placing the country's currency on the gold basis, which was in the minds of the republican leaders, President Grant, Senator Sherman and the rest of the chieftains of their party determined to postpone resumption no longer. Accordingly, Sherman, from the committee on finance, reported a resumption bill to the republican senate on December 21, less than three weeks after congress met, and six weeks after the election of the democratic house, which would meet a year later. It passed that body on December 22, went through the republican house on January 7, 1875, was signed by President Grant on January 14 and went into operation on January 1, 1879.

What a republican president and congress did 28 years ago a republican president and congress can do now. The resumption act was a republican measure throughout. It was opposed by the democrats at every step in each branch of congress. The democratic national convention of 1876, in St. Louis, which nominated Tilden, declared for the repeal of the resumption act. It went into effect on time, however, raised all the country's currency up to the gold level by the stipulated day, at the beginning of 1879, and has kept it up to that line ever since. That was one of the most important financial measures ever placed on the statute book in the United States. The Aldrich bill, which is also in the direction of a needed financial reform, can be put through congress quickly if there is the same energy behind it which passed the greenback redemption act of 1875.

LAST CONGRESSIONAL WORK.

Important Legislation Put Through in Furtherance of National Interests.

Of the finished legislation of the session just closed, the trust bills dealt with the subject of widest and deepest interest, but they may prove more important as preparatory work than as complete devices for holding the forces of monopoly in check and insuring justice in commerce and industry. It was understood in Washington, when congress adjourned, that if the bills which had become laws did not serve the purpose intended other steps would follow. The end of the trust question has by no means been reached. Various legislative bodies have been feeling their way along toward a goal which must be attained, though probably after many slips and mistakes. They realize that their task is not yet completed, says the Cleveland Leader.

Another piece of legislation which is bound to attract wide attention was the creation of a ninth department in the president's cabinet. The commercial and industrial interests of the country have never been more in the minds of the people of the United States than they are now, and any addition to the cabinet would attract much attention among all classes. It is a change in the visible and obvious machinery of the government. No one who keeps informed at all about the affairs of the nation can fail to notice the growth of the cabinet.

Other important legislation has been less conspicuous. The immigration laws have been improved. The war taxes left after the preceding reductions since the close of the Spanish war have been removed. Some important improvements have been made in the laws affecting the Philippines. The army and navy have been improved in organization and equipment. Porto Rico has been helped by timely legislation, and something has been done to give Alaska good government. The important census bureau has been placed on a permanent basis. Altogether, congress has not been idle or futile.

☞It having been reported that William J. Bryan would convert a piece of woodland on his place into a public park, he denies it. He says: "I have considered the idea of making changes so that there will be desirable shade, but it will not be a public place." From present indications Mr. Bryan will have much use for desirable shade in the future.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞It is curious that on the eve of every disruption that is predicted to take place in the republican party owing to differences between men clothed with responsibility the political sea becomes calm and the prophecy regularly fails. The latest malicious endeavor to open a breach has failed.—Albany Journal.

☞The democrats engaged in eliminating each other grow more wrathful as 1904 approaches. It is a wise prophet who can estimate the size of the irrepressible conflict in the party next year.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

HIS WESTERN TRIP.

President Roosevelt Starts on His Long Journey.

He Is Received by Large Crowds at the Different Stopping Places—Attends Banquets and Delivers a Number of Addresses.

Aberdeen, S. D., April 7.—The feature of yesterday was the large number of children in the various audiences that greeted President Roosevelt. He referred to them several times, saying that he was glad to see that the stock was not dying out.

At Tulare the president departed from his usual custom and, descending from his car, shook hands with the people gathered at the station.

Yankton was the first stop after the train left Sioux Falls. To the multitude at Yankton, the president spoke on the tariff and the qualities of good citizenship.

At Mitchell the president made the longest address of the day.

Mandan, N. D., April 8.—President Roosevelt yesterday traveled through familiar country and received hearty greetings wherever his train stopped. At many places he recognized old friends and from his conversation it is evident that it was one of the most enjoyable days of his trip. At Fargo, Jamestown and Bismarck he made stops of from half an hour to an hour and discussed the conditions in the Philippines, the tariff and the general prosperity of the country. Stops also were made at Casselton, Tower, Valley City, the home of Gov. White; Dawson and Medora.

Bismarck, N. D., April 8.—Standing in the private office of Gov. White at the state capitol Tuesday afternon, President Roosevelt received the assurance of the friendship and support of the great Sioux Indian tribe and similar assurances from the chiefs of the Mandans and Gros Ventres.

At the same time Grass presented the president a peace pipe of beautifully carved pipe stone.

Cinnabar, Mont., April 9.—President Roosevelt is in Yellowstone Park and for the next 16 days he expects to enjoy complete rest and cessation from public duties. He will be in almost daily communication with Secretary Loeb at Cinnabar, but nothing except of the utmost importance will be referred to him. In company with John Burroughs, the naturalist, who accompanied him from Washington, he will study closely the nature of the various animals that inhabit the park. The president has looked forward to this outing for some time, and he was in a particularly happy frame of mind when he led the cavalcade into the park yesterday.

Every trail leading into the preserve will be closely guarded and no one will be allowed to disturb the president's solitude. His headquarters will be at the home of Maj. Pitcher, the superintendent of the park. Several camps have been established in different localities and these will be occupied by the president from time to time. The special train bearing the president and his party arrived at Gardner, the entrance to the park, Wednesday afternoon and was met by a detachment of the Third cavalry and a number of cowboys.

Killed a Bank Cashier.

Sherman, Tex., April 9.—Ben. L. Thompson, cashier of the Bank of Commerce, was shot to death here Wednesday afternoon by W. E. Stone, of Texarkana. The men met on the stret and without any preliminary words drew their revolvers and opened fire. Thompson was struck by one of the first shots and fell mortally wounded. He died a few hours later. Stone is about 22 years of age and is a traveling salesman for a Dayton, O., house. Stone surrendered. He stated that the tragedy was the result of a family difficulty.

Can't Close the Gap.

New Orleans, April 10.—Hope of losing the Hymelia crevasse was practically abandoned yesterday. All day a terrific current swept around the broken ends of the cribbing and through the great 700-foot gap in the levee, undermining the light piling which it had taken 13 days and nights to build. There is not one chance in a thousand to close the crevasse. The levee board has practically reached the end of its resources and planters are building protecting levees about their places.

A Volcano Destroys a Village.

New York, April 9.—The steamer Allegheny, which arrived Wednesday from Central American ports, brought tidings of an eruption of the old volcano, Del Tierna Firma, in Colombia near Galera Zambie, on March 22. The village of Tiojo was destroyed and from 60 to 100 persons were killed and wounded. During the night of March 24, flames from the volcano were seen by passing vessels at a distance of 60 miles.

Ran a Dead Heat.

Memphis, Tenn., April 10.—For the first time in years the judges announced a dead heat at Montgomery park yesterday when, in the fourth race at a mile and a sixteenth, Floyd K. and Banter crossed the wire in a desperate drive, nose and nose. The finish was the most sensational ever seen here and winners and losers alike rose and cheered the two horses and riders to the echo.

May Reopen the Dreyfus Case.

Paris, April 8.—The debate in the chamber of deputies yesterday is likely to lead to the reopening of the Dreyfus case and perhaps to the rehabilitation of the former prisoner of Devil's Island. This is mainly due to two facts brought out by the socialist leader, M. Jaures. One is a falsified document bearing alleged annotations by the German emperor which were forgeries and which helped to convict Dreyfus, and the other is that the letter written by Gen. Pellieux to M. Cavaignac when the latter was war minister in 1898,

A FATAL CYCLONE.

It Sweeps Over Five Villages in Arkansas.

Nine Lives Were Lost and 16 Persons Injured, Three of Them Fatally —Property Loss Was Very Large — Storm Came in the Night.

Little Rock, Ark., April 9.—Specials from several towns in White and Cleburne counties, Arkansas, tell of a cyclone which swept through that section Tuesday night, leaving death and destruction in its wake. The record of casualties so far is nine dead, three dying and 13 others badly injured. The towns of Little Red, Albion, Bradford, Heber and Pangburn have been heard from so far. The dead:

Jim Leggett, Little Red.
Joe Leggett, Little Red.
Tom King and wife, Little Red.
Three King children.
Young lady school teacher who was boarding at King's.
A. C. Williams, near Heber.

The injured: Infant child of the King family.

Mrs. A. C. Williams, not expected to live.

Buck Neeley, Searcy.

Albert Kiler, Elbert Deerile and Walker Pollard, Little Red.

Two of the Pollard family near Albion.

Mrs. Hoverton and children, Pangburn, not expected to live.

Miss Barkhousen, Little Red; leg broken and skull fractured.

Walter Fuller, Pangburn, leg broken.

Mrs. Henry Wells, injured fatally.

Unknown woman, Pangburn, both legs broken.

Tom Houston, near Heber, both arms broken.

Unknown man at Bradford.

The major portion of the country through which the storm plowed its way is remote from railroads, telegraph or telephone lines. A special correspondent telegraphed from Searcy, Ark., last night that he had gone over a portion of the track of the storm and that trees were twisted from their trunks and houses were demolished. Thus far it has been impossible to ascertain where the storm began, but it is known that it raged in two counties and the list of casualties is likely to be greater than is now known. Bradford, which on the Iron Mountain road, was first point heard from. Several houses were blown down there

The tornado came from the west and spent its force by the time it reached Bradford. It is feared the little town of Hiram, with a population of 150, has been wiped off the map. It is near Heber and in the storm's track. Nothing has thus far been heard from it. It probably will be several days before the names of all who were killed by the tornado will be known.

A special from Heber says: In the tornado which swept across this section A. C. Williams, living ten miles south of Heber, was killed. He was 70 years old and lived with his wife on top of one of the mountains south of this town. His house was caught up by the wind and thrown down the mountain side, he being killed. His wife was badly injured and is not expected to live. A white man named Houston, living near Williams, had both arms broken.

At Pangburn six residences were blown down and a flock of sheep and a number of cattle, hogs and horses were killed.

A large church near Pangburn was blown half a mile. At Little Red postoffice, Walker Pollard, Mrs. Pollard and Tom King lost their houses, barns and other buildings.

Forty-three residences and 16 barns destroyed and other wreckage, is the record of the damage reported up to 8 o'clock last night.

STOPPED BY A GUNBOAT.

A Norwegian Steamer Has Trouble with a Honduran Warship.

New Orleans, April 9.—Capt. Warnecke, of the Norwegian steamer David, which has arrived here from Ceiba, Spanish Honduras, reports an exciting experience with the Honduran gunboat Tatumbla.

The David was off the north coast of Honduras when the Tatumbla hove in sight and commanded the merchantman to put into Utilla against the orders of the captain of the David.

The Tatumbla was in command of Col. Villarde, who put a half dozen Honduran soldiers on board the David to insure the proper carrying out of his orders. Capt. Warnecke objected, saying that he had no business in the harbor of Utilla, and protested against going so far out of his course. The commander of the Tatumbla said that the David should proceed where he ordered her to go.

Capt. Warnecke said that he was off the coast of Honduras, looking for a native pilot to take the ship to Ceiba, his objective port, but he had to submit to the humiliation of changing his course.

The David anchored off Utilla, a small island off the northeast coast of Honduras for the night, and left the following day without being boarded by any troops.

Captain Warnecke proceeded to Puerto Cortez and informed Admiral Coghlan of what had happened; two United States war vessels went at once in search of the Tatumbla.

A Big Theft of Petticoats.

New York, April 9.—Five thousand dollars' worth of petticoats were stolen from the offices of Klatzpo & Mishkend, clothing dealers, 11 Lispenard street, Tuesday night. Three men had engaged a whole floor of an office building on Canal street. The rear portions of the two buildings are close together. Tuesday night neighbors heard a terrific racket as though iron doors were being battered down. Some of the goods were found on the roof of the building. The watchman of the building is under arrest.

SWEPT BY A TORNADO.

Eleven People Dead and a Number Injured in an Alabama Village.

Hanceville, Ala., 9.—A tornado passed over Hopewell settlement, 1½ miles north of here, at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning and as a result 11 persons are dead, four are fatally injured and a dozen are more or less seriously hurt, while the destruction to property is heavy. The dead:

Henry McCoy and three children.
C. C. Oden and three children.
John Griffin, wife and son.

Fatally injured: Two children of Henry McCoy and two children of C. C. Oden.

Seriously injured: Mrs. Oden and child; Mrs. McCoy.

The storm came from the southeast and its roar was so terrific that it woke many people, some of whom fled from their houses in time to escape death by having the house blown down on them.

Buildings were tossed about like paper boxes and several structures were blown a hundred yards or more.

The body of McCoy, who was a prominent farmer, was blown 200 yards and landed in a sand pit.

The house of Mrs. John Norton was blown down, but the family escaped by crawling under the bed while the timber and brick fell on top of the bed, breaking the force of the fall.

The houses of the Oden and Griffin families were smashed to splinters and it seems marvelous that any of their occupants escaped death. Trees were uprooted in all directions and many were blown across the Louisville & Nashville railroad track, delaying trains for a time. The roar of the storm was heard at Hanceville, where it awoke many people, but no damage was done here. As soon as the destruction wrought became known here rescuers hurried to the scene to give attention to the dead and wounded.

The section through which the storm went is flat, on an elevated table land in the hilly section of Blount county. There was not the slightest intimation of its approach until the houses were being torn to pieces. One of the first houses struck was that of Nathan Griffin. The house was demolished and Mrs. Griffin and son James were killed. Mrs. Griffin was so badly injured that she died later.

CONDEMNED A BOYCOTT.

Illinois Railroad Commissioners Denounce the Methods of a Combine of Grain Dealers.

Springfield, Ill., April 9.—In a decision handed down Wednesday by the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, the Illinois Grain Dealers' association is criticized for establishing a boycott against the independent grain dealers of the state. The case is that of D. H. Curry & Co., of Mason City, against the Illinois Central Railroad Co. for discrimination in furnishing cars. The commission decided against the railroad company and ordered that an equitable distribution of cars be made.

In passing on the case the railroad and warehouse commission states that it is led to believe that an understanding existed between the Curry company and the Illinois Grain Dealers' association not to handle the grain of the Farmers' Elevator Co. at Mason City and that Curry was willing to agree to anything to prevent the competing companies at Mason City from marketing their grain. The board quotes several convicting letters to sustain its views.

A Collision in New York Bay.

New York, April 9.—The steamer Allegheny, from Port Limon, Costa Rica, was badly damaged yesterday in the harbor of New York as the result of a collision with the British steamer Joseph Merryweather. The United Fruit Co., which had a cargo of bananas on the Allegheny, sent a float to the vessel to take off the bananas. There were ten cars and 104 stevedores on the float. It had been alongside the Allegheny about two hours when it suddenly sank. About one-third of the stevedores were on the float and were dumped into the water. According to Foreman Haake, however, all got safely on to the Allegheny and later were taken off by another float.

Mr. Stevenson Is Scorched.

Bloomington, Ill., April 9.—Adlai E. Stevenson, formerly vice president of the United States, lost his hair and mustache and received painful burns on his face, head and hands yesterday, while trying to extinguish a fire in his home. The fire started in a bedroom. When Mr. Stevenson rushed into the room, the curtains were in a blaze. Without calling aid he attacked the flames. In a moment the hair on his head went up in a puff of smoke. The fire then seized his mustache and blistered his face. Then Mr. Stevenson called for help. He retreated before the flames caught his clothing. The loss to the house was $1,000.

A Big Vote for Prohibition.

Topeka, Kan., April 9.—Returns from all the towns in Kansas which held elections Tuesday disclose the fact that the vote in favor of enforcing the prohibition law is the most overwhelming in the history of the state. A special effort was made by the opponents of prohibition to make a good showing at this election and thus pave the way for a re-submission campaign two years from now. Only six towns of any importance in the state voted in favor of a liberal policy toward the saloons.

Melville Prepares a Surprise.

Washington, April 9.—Admiral Melville has a surprise in store for sailors which perhaps will be as revolutionary in its effect on naval construction as was his famous triple screw. For more than a year past his bureau has been making inquiries and preparing plans for a turbine propelled warship. The best experts have been consulted and the plans have advanced to a point where it is thought satisfactory results are assured. Details of the novel arrangements of this ship are withheld for the present.

THREE MEN KILLED

A 12-Inch Gun Explodes on the Battleship Iowa.

Five Men Were Injured, Two Seriously — Accident Occurred During Target Practice Near Pensacola — Victims Were at Mess.

Pensacola, Fla., April 10.—A disastrous explosion occurred Thursday on the battleship Iowa while the vessel was at target practice in the gulf. The forward port 12-inch gun burst from the premature explosion of a shell, 12 feet of the piece outside the turret being demolished. Three men were killed and five injured, two seriously. The killed are:

First Class Seaman Kiele.
Ordinary Seaman Percell and Gunner's Mate Berry.

The injured are: First Class Seaman Gaught, Ordinary Seaman Thursdale, Brown, Mansdale and Purucker.

The men killed and injured were on the second, or gun deck, at mess. Three pieces of the exploded gun, each weighing over a ton, passed downward through the spar deck, falling upon the men at mess, instantly killing the three named. All of the men were horribly mutilated. The heavy missiles after passing through the gun deck, continued down to the third deck, where they came in contact with the armored deck, the heavy steel bringing them to a stop, thus saving the engineers and firemen who were at work below. Although the upper decks were covered with men, no one there was seriously injured.

The explosion occurred just as the mess call had been sounded. Firing was to have ceased after the shot for the dinner hour. The range had been set and the Iowa was steaming along at a speed of 12 knots an hour when Lieut. Reed, in charge of the forward 12-inch turret, gave orders to load and fire.

The time fuse was cut for the range, the piece charged, breech closed and the word given to fire. Following the report of the gun there was a smothered noise as the shell exploded midway in the gun and pieces of the bursted gun and shell were scattered broadcast. Three great holes were torn through the deck. Those who were below began coming on deck, some bloody and mutilated, while lying on the floor, crushed almost beyond recognition, were the three unfortunate men.

The Massachusetts, six miles distant, was signalled for and one of the cutters put off with the surgeon and assistants. The wounded men were taken to the hospital and their injuries dressed. The dead were brought to Pensacola.

Some claim tha tthe explosion was caused by a defective shell, and others think that the frequent firing of the pieces at Culebra during the winter, added with the work done here during the past ten days, so strained the piece that the force of the charge bursted the gun.

A RIOT IN DETROIT.

Strikers and Non-Unionists Clash and One Man Is Shot.

Detroit, April 10.—Michael Sullivan, of Walkerville, Ont., was shot through the neck and a number of other men were slightly injured in a fight which took place at the foot of Campau avenue here last night, in a collision between strikers and non-union workmen of the Canadian Bridge Co.'s works, located in Walkerville, across the river from Detroit, The police arrested four men, all of whom were non-union workmen of Detroit, who had been filling the strikers' places at Walkerville, and were just returning home from their day's work.

It is alleged that the strikers and their sympathizers followed the non-union men from the works at the close of the day with the deliberate intention of making trouble as soon as they reached the American shore. There were probably 200 men, including both factions, and the fight began as soon as they had left the ferry at the Detroit wharf.

The prisoners registered as George E. Kennedy, Fred Metzner, Gustave Adams and Julius Stalter, of Detroit.

During the fight most of the Canadians were driven back to the ferry and across the river. Steve Laduc, also of Walkerville, was struck over the head with an iron bar and both he and Sullivan were taken to local hospitals. Neither Sullivan or Laduc is dangerously injured, however.

The strike has been on since April 1, when the Canadian union workmen were requested to work a ten-hour day, but refused and asked for an increase of 10 per cent. and a nine-hour day. They were receiving from 16 to 30 cents an hour, according to the class of work.

It Is a Finish Fight.

New York, April 10.—In spite of the promises made by the Amalgamated Association of Carpenters to start work on every job where the Brotherhood has struck against them there was no change in the strike situation. Thomas McCracken, one of the business agents of the Brotherhood, said: "We have about 3,000 men out on strike. This is absolutely to be a fight to a finish. It will not be confined to this city, but will be carried throughout the United States and Canada."

Dropped Dead.

New York, April 10.—Hilary Bell, the dramatic and musical critic of the New York Press, dropped dead in the barge office yesterday. Heart failure is believed to have been the cause of his death. He was born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1857. He took up portrait painting after coming to this country and later went into newspaper work. He went on the Press about the time of its inception as musical and dramatic critic and has been there since. Mr. Bell also was editor of the Insurance Economist.

LETTER FROM MR. MITCHELL.

It Calls Upon Miners to End Strikes and Return to Work.

Philadelphia, April 10.—The numerous small strikes in the anthracite coal region resulting from the disagreement between operators and miners regarding the strike commission's ruling on the number of hours to constitute a day's work has brought forth a letter of instructions from President Mitchell. District officers of the Miners' union are in receipt of a communication from Mr. Mitchell calling upon them to end all strikes and induce the idle men to return to work. If the strikers refuse to do so Mr. Mitchell suggests that grievance committees representing the colliery employes be appointed to confer with company officials in an effort to adjust the differences.

At the Maple Hill colliery of the Reading Co., near Mahanoy City, runners, loaders and door tenders yesterday joined the striking drivers and about 150 men are idle. The drivers have established the picket system, and the company is furnishing police protection to those who have taken the places of the strikers.

The miners' advisory board of Mahanoy City has determined that the men shall not work nine hours.

Altoona, Pa., April 10.—Until the question of whether or not a bridle is part of a set of harness has been settled, 1,200 bituminous miners at the 13 operations of the Beech Creek Coal and Coke Co. at Patton, Cambria county, and Arcadia, Indiana county, will remain idle. The drivers at these mines say a bridle is part of the harness and since the Altoona convention, which stated that drivers shall not harness or unharness the mules, they refuse to put the bridle on.

Wednesday morning they found the mules all harnessed save the bridles. They refused to touch the bridles and struck. The mines, therefore, could not work. Mine Superintendent Lingle held several futile conferences with the strikers. The superintendent says a bridle is no more a part of the harness than a hat is part of a suit of clothes.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

Officers of the Northern Securities Co. Are Enjoined.

St. Paul, Minn., April 10.—The position of the United States government in the suit brought against the Northern Securities Co., the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways and individual officials and directors of those companies, was sustained in the decision handed down in the United States circuit court of appeals in this city Thursday. The case was originally brought in the United States district court here, but under a special act of congress was taken at once to the court of appeals, which court was to expedite the hearing and decision of the case in every manner possible.

The taking of testimony in this city and in New York lasted for several weeks and the arguments in St. Louis before Circuit Judges Caldwell, Sanborn, Thayer and Vandeventer, too, several days. The decision of the court was written by Judge Thayer and an appeal to the United States supreme court will be taken immediately.

The opinion of the court, holding that the combination is illegal, is supplemented by the issuance of an injunction restraining the Northern Securities Co. from voting the stock of either the Northern Pacific or Great Northern companies, the merged railroads, and the officials of the roads from allowing the Northern Securities Co. to vote their stock or to pay dividends to the securities company.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

Was the Subject of Senator Hanna's Speech at Erie, Pa.

Erie, Pa., April 10.—United States Senator M. A. Hanna, of Cleveland, was the guest of honor and principal speaker last night at the second annual banquet of the Erie chamber of commerce in Cott's Music hall. Not less than 500 of the representative business and professional men of this city were in attendance.

At the banquet the senator responded to the toast "Capital and Labor," and made a most forcible and characteristic address. He began by saying that his subject was above all politics of the day. He spoke of the Civic Federation, its objects and aims and of the great amount of good it had done. He said the federation had made only one failure and that was a settlement of the great coal strike of last summer. He did not consider that case was a failure, as when the settlement was effected by the coal commission the men secured better conditions than he had asked for them from the operators.

A Tornado in Kansas.

Joplin, Mo., April 10.—It is reported here that a tornado passed over southeastern Kansas Thursday afternoon by which Altamont, a small town 50 miles west of this city, suffered much damage. A telephone message from Oswego, Kan., seven miles east of Altamont, stated that there was a severe storm in the vicinity of Altamont, but nothing is known as to its etxent. Passengers on an eastbound Frisco train stated that it was reported at Altamont as the train passed through there at 7 o'clock, that a tornado had passed over the town and had done much ramage in the country near there.

Boys Loot a House.

New York, April 10.—A man and eight boys looted a house on East Fifty-third street yesterday. They carried off $5,000 worth of bric-a-brac, silverware and jewelry. Seven of the boys have been arrested. One of them, 8 years old, confessed, and told the names of the others. The house was occupied by Mrs. Elizabeth Dempsey, a widow. Thursday morning she removed her furniture to a new abode. She intended placing her remaining belongings in storage. Mrs. Dempsey left the house at noon and returned at 6 o'clock.

BURDICK TRAGEDY

The Pennell Inquest Threw No Light on It.

A Letter from Pennell Is Made Public in Which He Asserts His Innocence of the Burdick Crime and Says a Woman Done the Deed.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 11.—The evidence given Friday at the inquest into the deaths of Arthur R. Pennell and Mrs. Pennell, before Justice Murphy, will not help the authorities in any way to a solution of the Burdick murder mystery. Whether the tragedy at Gehres' stone quarry on March 10, in which Pennell was killed and Mrs. Pennell was fatally injured, was due to accident or design, was not proven.

Thomas Penny, who has acted as attorney for the Pennell family since Arthur Pennell's death, declared that so far as he was aware nothing in the papers left by Mr. Pennell would throw any light upon the murder of Burdick. When questioned regarding the alleged defalcations by Pennell, Mr. Penney declined to answer.

Judge Murphy then delivered his verdict as follows:

"I find and certify: That Arthur R. Pennell came to his death on March 10, 1903, as a result of injuries received while riding in an automobile, the said automobile plunging from an embankment into the Gehres stone quarry.

"That I cannot determine from the evidence submitted whether such plunge was accidental or designed.

"That Carrie Lamb Pennell came to her death as a result of the said plunge of the automobile into the quarry."

W. C. Omphelius, Pennell's stenographer, produced a typewritten copy of the first draft of a statement prepared for publication by Pennell before his death. The statement follows:

"To the Public—Owing to the fact that my name was connected with the pending divorce proceedings it was forced into great publicity in connection with the tragedy itself. So far as any possible connection with that crime was concerned, I satisfied, I think, the district attorney and his assistants thoroughly that I had nothing to do with it.

"It now becomes incumbent upon me to make some statement relative to my connection with the divorce proceedings. There was no truth in the charges brought by the plaintiff in that proceeding against the defendant and myself. The charges were absolutely denied under oath and counter charges had been made, and in a short time the case would have been tried before a referee and settled.

"The relations between the plaintiff and the defendant had been strained for some time. Twice he had attempted to make her leave home. My wife and myself had taken her side in the controversy and she had consulted me for legal advice. During this time the man was in intimate relations with a woman whom he desired to marry. For that purpose it was necessary to be free from his wife. He discovered that his wife knew of these relations.

"Being apprised of the evidence against him, he determined to anticipate her action by bringing an action himself, in order that he might have the appearance of being the injured party, and he made me a defendant in the action. His allegations were properly denied and the issues would have been squarely met, when his death occurred at the hands of some unknown woman, whom he had invited to his house at midnight."

CROSSED THE DIVIDE.

Rev. Milburn, the Blind Chaplain of the United States Senate, Dies in California.

Washington, April 11.—Rev. William Henry Milburn, the blind chaplain of the United States senate, died in Santa Barbara, Cal., Friday. Word to this effect was received here last night by Col. Ransdell, the sergeant-at-arms of the senate. Mr. Milburn, accompanied by his two nieces, left Washington for the Pacific coast about a year ago. The chaplain was in broken health. The change brought no great improvement in his condition and when congress met in December he forwarded his resignation to Washington, but it was never acted on. The deceased was a native of Philadelphia, where he was born in 1823.

When he was five years of age a playfellow accidentally struck him in the left eye with a piece of glass. For two years he was confined to a dark room under medical treatment, and when he came out one of his eyes was entirely blind and little sight was left in the other. He, however, pursued his studies at school and college for about 20 years, the sight growing dimmer until gradually he became totally blind. In 1838 he went with his father's family to Jacksonville, Ill., and in 1843 he became a traveling preacher of the Methodist church, serving charges in various sections of the country.

Mr. Milburn was twice elected chaplain of congress, the first time in 1845, when a little over 22 years of age, was twice chaplain of the house of representatives and lastly chaplain of the senate, to which office he was elected in 1893.

While serving a charge at Mobile, Ala., Mr. Milburn underwent a trial for heretical teachings. He was widely known as the blind preacher and lecturer.

Rejected the Company's Offer.

New York, April 11.—Fifteen hundred employes of the Manhattan Elevated railway held a meeting Friday to decide upon an answer to the offer of the officials of the company to increase the wages and reduce the hours of the men. The concessions of the road's officials were greeted with cries of disapproval and the dissatisfaction of the men practically was unanimous. It was decided to have the executive board submit new demands to the officials and if concessions are not granted by next Thursday to call a general strike and tie up the road.

VERY GRATIFYING.

The Outlook in the Business World was Never Brighter.

New York, April 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Aside from the prevalence of strikes and possibility of further interruption to industrial activity next month on this account, the business outlook is most gratifying. Late frosts caused some damage early in the week, but low temperatures did not continue and in most sections agricultural products had not advanced sufficiently to suffer materially, while the prospects are bright for large crops, and heavy sales of fertilizers testify to extensive operations. Despite some unfavorable weather, eastern retail trade has been heavy and jobbing activity in summer fabrics indicates expectation of a vigorous consumption as the season advances.

Makers of merchant pipe, tools, agricultural implements and all kinds of machinery have more business than can be handled promptly. The pig iron output has bounded upwards with the better movement of fuel and in a short time production will be at the rate of 20,000,000 tons annually. These figures are the better appreciated when it is remembered that they are more than double the maximum year's output prior to 1899.

In the textile industries there are still adverse factors, notably the labor controversies at cotton mills.

Failures this week numbered 198 in the United States, against 198 last year, and 15 in Canada, compared with 19 a year ago.

THAT LIBEL BILL.

It Is Up to Pennsylvania's Governor for Approval or Veto.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 11.—The libel bill which has stirred up the entire newspaper press of the state, came into the possession of Gov. Pennypacker late Friday afternoon for his approval or disapproval. The bill passed the house by a vote of 125 to 57 after a somewhat bitter fight. Three democrats voted with the majority and 23 republicans joined with the minority

United States Senator Penrose and other republican leaders have been on the ground several days directing the fight in favor of the bill. The opponents of the measure charged that the republican state organization issued "orders" that the bill be rushed through before the members went home for the week and that they were thus deprived of an opportunity to consult with their constituents.

The Philadelphia newspapers are taking a leading part in opposing the bill. A strong protest was received by all members of the house against its passage and the publishers asked the governor for a hearing on the ground that their rights and property are involved. The governor granted the request and will fix a day for a hearing. He has 30 days in which to approve or disapprove the bill.

TWICE DEFEATED.

President Vasquez Fails in Two Attempts to Capture San Domingo City.

Santo Domingo City, April 11.—The negotiations for a peaceful settlement of the questions in dispute, initiated by the consuls, failed and the suspension of hostilities ended Monday morning when President Vasquez opened fire on the revolutionary positions. The rebels in this city replied with cannon and the fighting lasted all of Monday and Monday night, only ceasing Tuesday morning, by which time Gen. Vasquez's troops had been finally repulsed in their assault on the city. The number of killed and wounded is unknown.

The government troops made a second attempt Tuesday morning to force their way into the city, but after a heavy fight on the banks of the river they were again thrown back. The insurgent general Pepin was killed.

A New Experience for Mr. Sage.

New York, April 11.—Russell Sage has been called upon to pay $40,000 because he made loans at a disadvantage to himself and those he represented as chairman of the finance committee of the German-American Real Estate Title Guarantee Co. The payment was ordered by Judge Gildersleeve, of the supreme court, in an action brought by the receiver of the company against Mr. Sage, E. V. Loew, former comptroller of New York, and Charles J. Obermayer, all officers of the finance committee of the company, for $65,000. It is understood Mr. Sage paid $40,000 of the amount and Messrs. Loew and Obermayer the balance.

Castro Stands Pat.

Washington, April 11.—News was received here Friday from Venezuela to the effect that President Castro will remain firm and sustain Mr. Bowen, Venezuela's plenipotentiary, in the attitude he has taken respecting the settlement of the claims against Venezuela and in favor of referring the question of preferential treatment of the blockading powers to The Hague for determination.

Murdered on the Street.

Altoona, Pa., April 11.—Herman Henderson, aged 20, and Samuel Hamm, aged 21, both colored, quarreled yesterday over a game of cards in the woods in the suburbs of the city and the latter was severely beaten. Returning home Hamm secured a revolver and, meeting his antagonist on the street, shot him dead. Hamm escaped by boarding a westbound freight train.

Cattlemen Will Resist.

Topeka, Kan., April 11.—Advices from northwestern Kansas indicate that the cattlemen of that portion of the state will resist the order of the interior department that their fences around government lands must come down. A contest is being waged between the cattle owners and farmers there, and up to this time the farmers have been unsuccessful in their efforts to have the fences removed. More than 40,000 acres of government land will be thrown open for settlement in Kansas, when the fences shall be removed by the cattlemen.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

CALL FOR STATE CONVENTION.

TO THE REPUBLICAN ELECTORS OF PENNSYLVANIA:

I am directed by the Republican State Committee to announce that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, by their duly chosen Representatives, will meet in convention at the Opera House, in the city of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, May 27th, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock, a.m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices, to-wit:

One person for the office of State Treasurer.

One person for the office of Auditor General.

Two persons for the office of Judge of the Superior Court.

In accordance with the rules governing the organization, the representation in the State Convention will be based on the vote polled at the last Presidential election. Uoder the rules each legislative district is entitled to one delegate for every two thousand votes cast for the Presidential Electors in 1900, and additional delegate for every fraction of two thousand votes polled in excess of one thousand.

By order of the Republican State Committee.

M. S. QUAY, Chairman.

W. R. ANDREWS, Secretary.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

According to some of the best informed senators and representatives reciprocity with Cuba is assured.

‡ ‡

President Roosevelt's popularity in the west is assured. His long "swing around the circle" will, however, materially benefit his party and will, it is hoped, be the means of healing some local acres.

‡ ‡

Secretary Root says when the time comes for tariff revision it should be undertaken by Congress during a long session and not immediately before a national election when everyone is inclined to "play politics."

‡ ‡

Hamlin Garland has interested himself in the naming of the Indians. It is not his idea, nor that of the Indian Office, to abolish Indian names but to establish a system of surnames, preserving the Indian significance and indiyiduality wherever possible.

‡ ‡

Senator Lodge presented to the Home Market Club the true inwardness of the Canadian reciprocity situation. What the Canadians wanted is liberty to compete with the farmers of the United States while still giving signal advantages to British manufacturers.

‡ ‡

It is stated that Senator Morgan will espouse the good roads movement at the next Congress. If he devotes the same energy to that as he did to the Nicaraguan canal route he may accomplish wonders and leave behind him a monument to his labors in the Senate.

‡ ‡

According to many prominent democratic statesmen, William Jennings Bryan will continue to exercise his influence in democratic councils. We do not doubt it but in view of that fact the people will protest against "democratic councils of the nation.

‡ ‡

There is no real rest for the man of affairs. With the invention of wireless telegraph the "absolute rest from business worries" formerly obtainable on an ocean voyage has been rendered impossible. The President will spend two weeks in the heart of Yellowstone Park, but he will be in constant communication by special wire with the White House. The sigh for "a lodge in some vast wilderness" has lost its meaning.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"For years I had backache, severe pains across kidneys and scalding urine. I could not get out of bed without help. The use of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure restored me. G. WAGONER, Knobsville, Pa." Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y.

One Editor's Woes.

A Missouri editor whose wife is a strong woman suffragist, has sprung the following on his readers: "Rock-a-bye, baby, your mother is gone; she's at the caucus and will be there till dawn, she wore pap's trousers and in them looked queer; so hush-a-bye, baby, your mamma's a terror; she's run three conventions declared for three fellows she's great on the straddle, 'way up on the vote, so hush-a-bye, baby, your papa's a goat. Rock-a-bye, baby, the dishes are clean; papa's done scrubbing and put on the beans; your mamma is late seems always to lag, but heaven help pap if she comes home with a "jag"!"

SEVERE ATTACK OF GRIP.

Cured by One Bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"When I had an attack of the grip last winter (the second one) I actually cured myself with one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says Frank W. Perry, Editor of the Enterprise, Shortsville, N. Y. "This is the honest truth. I at times kept from coughing myself to pieces by taking a teaspoonful of this remedy, and when the conghing spell would come on at night I would take a dose and it seemed that in the briefest interval the cough would pass off and I would go to sleep perfectly free from cough and its accompanying pains. To say that the remedy acted as a most agreeable surprise is very mildly. I had no idea that it would or could knock out the grip, simply because I had never tried it for such a purpose, but it did, and it seemed with the second attack of coughing the remedy caused it to not only be of less duration, but the pains were far less severe, and I had not used the contents of one bottle before Mr. Grig had bid me adieu." For sale by L. Taggart.

Most men who consider themselves big guns are only smooth bores.

A disordered stomach may cause no end of trouble. When the stomach fails to perform its functions the bowels become deranged, the liver and kidneys congested, causing numerous diseases, the most fatal of which are painless and therefore the more to be dreaded. The important thing is to restore the stomach and liver to a healthy condition, and for this purpose no better preparation can be used than Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by L. Taggart.

In order to enjoy life a man must be a little miserable occasionally.

The best physic: Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Easy to take; pleasant in effect. For sale by L. Taggart.

The One Package Dye.

In red printed wrappers, colors cot ton, wool or silk in same bath. Sample 10c, any color. New Peerless, Elmira, N. Y. 50 26t.

Reduced Rates to St. Louis.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the Dedication ceremonies of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, at St. Louis, Mo., April 30 to March 2, and the National and International Good Roads Convention, April 27 to May 2, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to St Louis and return from all stations on its lines, April 26, 27, 28, and 29, good going only on date of sale and good returning to leave St. Louis not later than May 4. Tickets must be executed by Joint Agent for return passage, for which service no fee will be charged.

2679-8-1t.

The Eureka Mfg. Co., of East St Louis, Ill., want a man with rig to introduce Poultry Mixture in this county. They guarantee $3 50 a day to a good worker and they furnish bank reference of their reliability. Send stamp for particulars. Eureka Mfg. Co., Box 99, East St. Louis, Ill.

46-1-1y.

$30.00 to California $30.00.

Every day until June 15th the Missouri Pacific Ry., will sell one way colonist tickets from St. Louis to California at the exceedingly low rate of thirty dollars. Proportionately low rates from other points. Through tourist cars every week. Write for particulars to Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa. 6-tf.

WANTED—Several persons of character and good reputation in each state (one in this county required) to represent and advertise old established wealthy business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21.00 weekly with expenses additional, all payable in cash each Wednesday direct from head offices. Horse and carriage furnished when necessary. References. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Colonial Co., 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. 51-16t.

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similiar cures of Consumption, Pnenmonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and Lung troubles. price 50c, and $1.00. Guaranteed by L. Taggart, Druggist. Trial bottles free.

Friends bought with presents are soon again purchased from us

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one scould fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at L. Taggart's drug store.

There are a whole lot of people who swear by and at natural gas.

A Thoughtful Man.

M. M. Austin of Winchester, Ind., knew what to do in the hour of need. His wife had such an unusual case of stomach and liver trouble physicians could not help her. He thought of and tried Dr. King's New Life Pills and she got relief at onee and was finally cured. Only 25c, at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

The atmosphere of society is apt to make a green man turn red.

A Sweet Breath.

Is a never failing sign of a healthy stomach. When the breath is bad the stomach is out of order. There is no remedy in the world equal to Kodol Dyspepsia cure for curing indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach disorders. Mrs. Mary S. Crick, of White Plains, Ky., writes, "I have been a dyspeptic for years—tried all kinds of remedies but continued to grow worse. By the use of Kodol I began to improve at once, and after taking a few bottles am full restored in weight, health and strength and can eat whatever I like. Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. R. C. Dodson.

Are You Going West.

Beginning February 15th, and continuing every day thereafter until April 30th, there will be a special rate to all points in Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia. For maps, rates, routes and other information write at once to W. H. Allen, District passenger Agent, Wisconsin Central Railway, 621 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa. 47-16t.

GROCERIES

Having just put in a nice line of Groceries with our meats, we are now ready to fill your orders at the very lowest prices. Everything fresh and strictly high grade. A fine line of cookies; from 10c lb. to 22c lb. These are the best cookies made.

GOODS DELIVERED PROMPTLY.

Geo. H. Gross.

THE EMPORIUM

Bottling Works

HENRY KRAFT, Prop.

Is prepared to make your Holiday season one of good cheer.

Finest Domestic Wines and Beers,

Embracing all the popular brands. Fine line of light wines, guaranteed absolutely pure.

Celebrated Erie Beer

ALWAYS READY.

Send your orders by letter or 'phone early.

44-1y.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of BRIDGET HOGAN.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of BRIDGET HOGAN, late of Emporium, Cameron county, Pa., deceased have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all claims must be presented and all monies due said estate must be paid.

JOHN HOGAN,
Administrator.

Emporium, Pa., March 17, 1903. 4-6t.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of the County of Cameron to pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of John T. Kane (In re-estate of Martin Griffin, late of Driftwood Borough, deceased) will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the Prothonotary's office, in the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on the 8th day of April, A. D., 1903, at 1 o'clock, p. m., of said day, when all persons interested can attend, or be debarred from making exceptions thereafter.

C. J. GOODNOUGH, Auditor.

Emporium, Pa., March 19th, 1903.—5-4t.

Register's and Clerk's Notice.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } SS:
COUNTY OF CAMERON, }

NOTICE is hereby given that M. M. Larrabee, one of the Executors of the estates of Huldah and Parmelia Freeman, late of Shippen township, deceased, has filed his first and final accounts of his administration of the said estates; also that Albert Greiner, Guardian of Myrtle Shaffer, a minor child of Martha Shaffer, late of Grove township, deceased, has filed his first and final account of his administration of the said estate and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court at April term, next, for confirmation *ni si*.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
Register and Clerk O. C.

Emporium, Pa., March 30th, 1903.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. JOHN MCDONALD and GEO. A. WALKER, Associate Judges of Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron have issued their precept bearing date the 20th day of Dec. A. D., 1902, and to me directed for holding Court of Oyer and Terminer, General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 27th day of April, 1903, at 10 o'clock, a.m., and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., March 28th, 1903, and in the 127th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

HARRY HEMPHILL, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY VIRTUE of SUNDRY WRITS of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Cameron county, and to me directed, I have seized, levied upon and taken into execution and will expose to public sale and will sell to the highest and best bidder, at the Court House, in Emporium, Pa., on

Friday, 24th Day of April, A. D., 1903,

AT 2:00 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

The following described real estate, to-wit:

ALL that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situate, lying and being in the Township of Grove, county of Cameron and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the bank of the First Fork of the Sinnemahoning Creek at the mouth of a small run; thence up said small run, south forty-four degrees, east one hundred and five perches to a post; thence east fifty-three perches to a chestnut oak; thence south one degree, west one hundred and seventy and seven-tenths perches to a post on line of Warrant No. 4157; thence north sixty- and one-half degrees west one hundred perches to a post; thence by lands of Dodge & Co., west to a hemlock on the bank of the creek; thence up said creek the several courses and distances thereof two hundred and two perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and fifty seven acres more or less and being part of Warrant No. 4159 and being the same land which Washington Bailey, Administrator of John Bailey, deceased, conveyed to James M. Lorshbaugh by deed dated April 22nd, 1879, and recorded in Cameron county in Deed Book "E," page, 527.

About twenty acres of the above land is cleared and cultivated. The balance is in woodland. There is erected on said land one frame dwelling house, one log dwelling house, one frame barn and other necessary out buildings. It is well supplied with water and has an orchard thereon of apple and other fruit trees in bearing.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of the estate of JAMES M. LORSHBAUGH, deceased, at the suit of the Executors of the estate of WASHINGTON BAILEY, deceased.

ALSO.

ALL that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Shippen township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a birch on the north bank of the Driftwood Branch of the Sinnemahoning Creek; thence north eighty-nine rods to a post; thence north seventy degrees west, thirteen rods to a post; thence south thirty-four degrees west fifteen rods to a post; thence north fifty-six degrees west thirty-six rods to a post; thence seventy-two rods to the bank of said creek; thence down said creek by its several courses, sixty-five rods, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing twenty-two acres, more or less, all of which is cleared and cultivated and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house 23x27 feet, with addition one and one-half stories high, 17x27 feet, one summer kitchen 16x16 feet, one frame barn 30x57 feet and one barn 16x41 feet, with other out buildings, an orchard of about sixty apple and other fruit trees in bearing and is well watered.

ALSO.

ALL that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the north-east corner of lot of C. C. Craven above described, running thence south forty-six degrees east thirty-three rods to a post; thence twenty-six and one-half rods to centre of road; thence south forty six degrees east thirty-three rods; thence north one and one-half degrees east twenty-six and one half rods to the place of beginning, containing four acres more or less, all of which is cleared and cultivated and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house 18x28 feet, one woodshed and other out buildings, one well and one spring of water and about ten fruit trees.

The two pieces last above described are the same land which A. H. Boynton and wife conveyed to Charles C. Craven by deed dated February 28th, 1876, and recorded in Cameron county in Deed Book "H," at page 309 and are contiguous and constitute the homestead farm of C. C. Craven and may be sold together if desired.

ALSO.

ALL that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, bounded on the north by the north line of Warrant No. 4983; on the east by lands of L. G. Cook; on south by lands of Frank Dodge and on the west by lands now or late of F. D. Leet, containing two hundred acres, more or less, about twenty-five of which have been cleared and the balance in woodland, with living water thereon.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of CHARLES C. CRAVEN at the suit of JOHN DAY.

TERMS CASH. No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

HARRY HEMPHILL, High Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Emporium, Pa., March 27, 1903. } 6-4t

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Spring and Summer Clothing.

Beautiful fabrics tastefully cut and trimmed, splendidly tailored, and prices within the reach of everybody.

Have you seen our new Spring and Summer goods? If not, we extend to you an invitation to come and look them over.

ASK YOURSELF if you think you can afford to purchase clothing of any old make at any old price. We are sole agents here for the

A. B. Kirschbaum Hand Made Clothing.

This clothing is right up to date—NONE BETTER. This Clothing is well cut and well made and costs no more than the ordinary make.

We want to call especial astention to our line of Boys' and Children's Clothing. Never have we shown a better assortment of popular priced clothing for school or dress wear.

Our line of Gents' Furnishings has been properly looked after and if you want something nobby in Shirts we are prepared to suit you. In Hats, Caps and Shoes we always have all the popular styles.

Come in and see our stock. We will show you the same cordial treatment whether you purchase or not.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Clothier.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Summer Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with utilityat and

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

A FATAL CYCLONE.

It Sweeps Over Five Villages in Arkansas.

Nine Lives Were Lost and 16 Persons Injured, Three of Them Fatally —Property Loss Was Very Large — Storm Came in the Night.

Little Rock, Ark., April 9.—Specials from several towns in White and Cleburne counties, Arkansas, tell of a cyclone which swept through that section Tuesday night, leaving death and destruction in its wake. The record of casualties so far is nine dead, three dying and 13 others badly injured. The towns of Little Red, Albion, Bradford, Heber and Pangburn have been heard from so far. The dead:

Jim Leggett, Little Red.
Joe Leggett, Little Red.
Tom King and wife, Little Red.
Three King children.
Young lady school teacher who was boarding at King's.
A. C. Williams, near Heber.
The injured: Infant child of the King family.
Mrs. A. C. Williams, not expected to live.
Buck Neeley, Searcy.
Albert Kiler, Elbert Deerile and Walker Pollard, Little Red.
Two of the Pollard family near Albion.
Mrs. Hoverton and children, Pangburn, not expected to live.
Miss Barkhousen, Little Red; leg broken and skull fractured.
Walter Fuller, Pangburn, leg broken.
Mrs. Henry Wells, injured fatally.
Unknown woman, Pangburn, both legs broken.
Tom Houston, near Heber, both arms broken.
Unknown man at Bradford.

The major portion of the country through which the storm plowed its way is remote from railroads, telegraph or telephone lines. A special correspondent telegraphed from Searcy, Ark., last night that he had gone over a portion of the track of the storm and that trees were twisted from their trunks and houses were demolished. Thus far it has been impossible to ascertain where the storm began, but it is known that it raged in two counties and the list of casualties is likely to be greater than is now known. Bradford, which on the Iron Mountain road, was first point heard from. Several houses were blown down there

The tornado came from the west and spent its force by the time it reached Bradford. It is feared the little town of Hiram, with a population of 150, has been wiped off the map. It is near Heber and in the storm's track. Nothing has thus far been heard from it. It probably will be several days before the names of all who were killed by the tornado will be known.

A special from Heber says: In the tornado which swept across this section A. C. Williams, living ten miles south of Heber, was killed. He was 70 years old and lived with his wife on top of one of the mountains south of this town. His house was caught up by the wind and thrown down the mountain side, he being killed. His wife was badly injured and is not expected to live. A white man named Houston, living near Williams, had both arms broken.

At Pangburn six residences were blown down and a flock of sheep and a number of cattle, hogs and horses were killed.

A large church near Pangburn was blown half a mile. At Little Red postoffice, Walker Pollard, Mrs. Pollard and Tom King lost their houses, barns and other buildings.

Forty-three residences and 16 barns destroyed and other wreckage, is the record of the damage reported up to 8 o'clock last night.

STOPPED BY A GUNBOAT.

A Norwegian Steamer Has Trouble with a Honduran Warship.

New Orleans, April 9.—Capt. Warnecke, of the Norwegian steamer David, which has arrived here from Ceiba, Spanish Honduras, reports an exciting experience with the Honduran gunboat Tatumbla.

The David was off the north coast of Honduras when the Tatumbla hove in sight and commanded the merchantman to put into Utilla against the orders of the captain of the David.

The Tatumbla was in command of Col. Villarde, who put a half dozen Honduran soldiers on board the David to insure the proper carrying out of his orders. Capt. Warnecke objected, saying that he had no business in the harbor of Utilla, and protested against going so far out of his course. The commander of the Tatumbla said that the David should proceed where he ordered her to go.

Capt. Warnecke said that he was off the coast of Honduras, looking for a native pilot to take the ship to Ceiba, his objective port, but he had to submit to the humiliation of changing his course.

The David anchored off Utilla, a small island off the northeast coast of Honduras for the night, and left the following day without being boarded by any troops.

Captain Warnecke proceeded to Puerto Cortez and informed Admiral Coghlan of what had happened; two United States war vessels went at once in search of the Tatumbla.

A Big Theft of Petticoats.

New York, April 9.—Five thousand dollars' worth of petticoats were stolen from the offices of Klatzpo & Mishkend, clothing dealers, 11 Lispenard street, Tuesday night. Three men had engaged a whole floor of an office building on Canal street. The rear portions of the two buildings are close together. Tuesday night neighbors heard a terrific racket as though iron doors were being battered down. Some of the goods were found on the roof of the building. The watchman of the building is under arrest.

SWEPT BY A TORNADO.

Eleven People Dead and a Number Injured in an Alabama Village.

Hanceville, Ala., 9.—A tornado passed over Hopewell settlement, 1½ miles north of here, at 2 o'clock Wednesday morning and as a result 11 persons are dead, four are fatally injured and a dozen are more or less seriously hurt, while the destruction to property is heavy. The dead:

Henry McCoy and three children.
C. C. Oden and three children.
John Griffin, wife and son.

Fatally injured: Two children of Henry McCoy and two children of C. C. Oden.

Seriously injured: Mrs. Oden and child; Mrs. McCoy.

The storm came from the southeast and its roar was so terrific that it woke many people, some of whom fled from their houses in time to escape death by having the house blown down on them.

Buildings were tossed about like paper boxes and several structures were blown a hundred yards or more.

The body of McCoy, who was a prominent farmer, was blown 200 yards and landed in a sand pit.

The house of Mrs. John Norton was blown down, but the family escaped by crawling under the bed while the timber and brick fell on top of the bed, breaking the force of the fall.

The houses of the Oden and Griffin families were smashed to splinters and it seems marvelous that any of their occupants escaped death. Trees were uprooted in all directions and many were blown across the Louisville & Nashville railroad track, delaying trains for a time. The roar of the storm was heard at Hanceville, where it awoke many people, but no damage was done here. As soon as the destruction wrought became known here rescuers hurried to the scene to give attention to the dead and wounded.

The section through which the storm went is flat, on an elevated table land in the hilly section of Blount county. There was not the slightest intimation of its approach until the houses were being torn to pieces. One of the first houses struck was that of Nathan Griffin. The house was demolished and Mrs. Griffin and son James were killed. Mrs. Griffin was so badly injured that she died later.

CONDEMNED A BOYCOTT.

Illinois Railroad Commissioners Denounce the Methods of a Combine of Grain Dealers.

Springfield, Ill., April 9.—In a decision handed down Wednesday by the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, the Illinois Grain Dealers' association is criticized for establishing a boycott against the independent grain dealers of the state. The case is that of D. H. Curry & Co., of Mason City, against the Illinois Central Railroad Co. for discrimination in furnishing cars. The commission decided against the railroad company and ordered that an equitable distribution of cars be made.

In passing on the case the railroad and warehouse commission states that it is led to believe that an understanding existed between the Curry company and the Illinois Grain Dealers' association not to handle the grain of the Farmers' Elevator Co. at Mason City and that Curry was willing to agree to anything to prevent the competing companies at Mason City from marketing their grain. The board quotes several convicting letters to sustain its views.

A Collision in New York Bay.

New York, April 9.—The steamer Allegheny, from Port Limon, Costa Rica, was badly damaged yesterday in the harbor of New York as the result of a collision with the British steamer Joseph Merryweather. The United Fruit Co., which had a cargo of bananas on the Allegheny, sent a float to the vessel to take off the bananas. There were ten cars and 104 stevedores on the float. It had been alongside the Allegheny about two hours when it suddenly sank. About one-third of the stevedores were on the float and were dumped into the water. According to Foreman Haake, however, all got safely on to the Allegheny and later were taken off by another float.

Mr. Stevenson Is Scorched.

Bloomington, Ill., April 9.—Adlai E. Stevenson, formerly vice president of the United States, lost his hair and mustache and received painful burns on his face, head and hands yesterday, while trying to extinguish a fire in his home. The fire started in a bedroom. When Mr. Stevenson rushed into the room, the curtains were in a blaze. Without calling aid he attacked the flames. In a moment the hair on his head went up in a puff of smoke. The fire then seized his mustache and blistered his face. Then Mr. Stevenson called for help. He retreated before the flames caught his clothing. The loss to the house was $1,000.

A Big Vote for Prohibition.

Topeka, Kan., April 9.—Returns from all the towns in Kansas which held elections Tuesday disclose the fact that the vote in favor of enforcing the prohibition law is the most overwhelming in the history of the state. A special effort was made by the opponents of prohibition to make a good showing at this election and thus pave the way for a re-submission campaign two years from now. Only six towns of any importance in the state voted in favor of a liberal policy toward the saloons.

Melville Prepares a Surprise.

Washington, April 9.—Admiral Melville has a surprise in store for sailors which perhaps will be as revolutionary in its effect on naval construction as was his famous triple screw. For more than a year past his bureau has been making inquiries and preparing plans for a turbine propelled warship. The best experts have been consulted and the plans have advanced to a point where it is thought satisfactory results are assured. Details of the novel arrangements of this ship are withheld for the present.

THREE MEN KILLED

A 12-Inch Gun Explodes on the Battleship Iowa.

Five Men Were Injured, Two Seriously — Accident Occurred During Target Practice Near Pensacola — Victims Were at Mess.

Pensacola, Fla., April 10.—A disastrous explosion occurred Thursday on the battleship Iowa while the vessel was at target practice in the gulf. The forward port 12-inch gun burst from the premature explosion of a shell, 12 feet of the piece outside the turret being demolished. Three men were killed and five injured, two seriously. The killed are:

First Class Seaman Kiele.
Ordinary Seaman Percell and Gunner's Mate Berry.

The injured are: First Class Seaman Gaught, Ordinary Seaman Thursdale, Brown, Mansdale and Purucker.

The men killed and injured were on the second, or gun deck, at mess. Three pieces of the exploded gun, each weighing over a ton, passed downward through the spar deck, falling upon the men at mess, instantly killing the three named. All of the men were horribly mutilated. The heavy missiles after passing through the gun deck, continued down to the third deck, where they came in contact with the armored deck, the heavy steel bringing them to a stop, thus saving the engineers and firemen who were at work below. Although the upper decks were covered with men, no one there was seriously injured.

The explosion occurred just as the mess call had been sounded. Firing was to have ceased after the shot for the dinner hour. The range had been set and the Iowa was steaming along at a speed of 12 knots an hour when Lieut. Reed, in charge of the forward 12-inch turret, gave orders to load and fire.

The time fuse was cut for the range, the piece charged, breech closed and the word given to fire. Following the report of the gun there was a smothered noise as the shell exploded midway in the gun and pieces of the bursted gun and shell were scattered broadcast. Three great holes were torn through the deck. Those who were below began coming on deck, some bloody and mutilated, while lying on the floor, crushed almost beyond recognition, were the three unfortunate men.

The Massachusetts, six miles distant, was signalled for and one of the cutters put off with the surgeon and assistants. The wounded men were taken to the hospital and their injuries dressed. The dead were brought to Pensacola.

Some claim tha tthe explosion was caused by a defective shell, and others think that the frequent firing of the pieces at Culebra during the winter, added with the work done here during the past ten days, so strained the piece that the force of the charge bursted the gun.

A RIOT IN DETROIT.

Strikers and Non-Unionists Clash and One Man Is Shot.

Detroit, April 10.—Michael Sullivan, of Walkerville, Ont., was shot through the neck and a number of other men were slightly injured in a fight which took place at the foot of Campau avenue here last night, in a collision between strikers and non-union workmen of the Canadian Bridge Co.'s works, located in Walkerville, across the river from Detroit, The police arrested four men, all of whom were non-union workmen of Detroit, who had been filling the strikers' places at Walkerville, and were just returning home from their day's work.

It is alleged that the strikers and their sympathizers followed the non-union men from the works at the close of the day with the deliberate intention of making trouble as soon as they reached the American shore. There were probably 200 men, including both factions, and the fight began as soon as they had left the ferry at the Detroit wharf.

The prisoners registered as George E. Kennedy, Fred Metzner, Gustave Adams and Julius Stalter, of Detroit.

During the fight most of the Canadians were driven back to the ferry and across the river. Steve Laduc, also of Walkerville, was struck over the head with an iron bar and both he and Sullivan were taken to local hospitals. Neither Sullivan or Laduc is dangerously injured, however.

The strike has been on since April 1, when the Canadian union workmen were requested to work a ten-hour day, but refused and asked for an increase of 10 per cent. and a nine-hour day. They were receiving from 16 to 30 cents an hour, according to the class of work.

It Is a Finish Fight.

New York, April 10.—In spite of the promises made by the Amalgamated Association of Carpenters to start work on every job where the Brotherhood has struck against them there was no change in the strike situation. Thomas McCracken, one of the business agents of the Brotherhood, said: "We have about 3,000 men out on strike. This is absolutely to be a fight to a finish. It will not be confined to this city, but will be carried throughout the United States and Canada."

Dropped Dead.

New York, April 10.—Hilary Bell, the dramatic and musical critic of the New York Press, dropped dead in the barge office yesterday. Heart failure is believed to have been the cause of his death. He was born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1857. He took up portrait painting after coming to this country and later went into newspaper work. He went on the Press about the time of its inception as musical and dramatic critic and has been there since. Mr. Bell also was editor of the Insurance Economist.

LETTER FROM MR. MITCHELL.

It Calls Upon Miners to End Strikes and Return to Work.

Philadelphia, April 10.—The numerous small strikes in the anthracite coal region resulting from the disagreement between operators and miners regarding the strike commission's ruling on the number of hours to constitute a day's work has brought forth a letter of instructions from President Mitchell. District officers of the Miners' union are in receipt of a communication from Mr. Mitchell calling upon them to end all strikes and induce the idle men to return to work. If the strikers refuse to do so Mr. Mitchell suggests that grievance committees representing the colliery employes be appointed to confer with company officials in an effort to adjust the differences.

At the Maple Hill colliery of the Reading Co., near Mahanoy City, runners, loaders and door tenders yesterday joined the striking drivers and about 150 men are idle. The drivers have established the picket system, and the company is furnishing police protection to those who have taken the places of the strikers.

The miners' advisory board of Mahanoy City has determined that the men shall not work nine hours.

Altoona, Pa., April 10.—Until the question of whether or not a bridle is part of a set of harness has been settled, 1,200 bituminous miners at the 13 operations of the Beech Creek Coal and Coke Co. at Patton, Cambria county, and Arcadia, Indiana county, will remain idle. The drivers at these mines say a bridle is part of the harness and since the Altoona convention, which stated that drivers shall not harness or unharness the mules, they refuse to put the bridle on.

Wednesday morning they found the mules all harnessed save the bridles. They refused to touch the bridles and struck. The mines, therefore, could not work. Mine Superintendent Lingle held several futile conferences with the strikers. The superintendent says a bridle is no more a part of the harness than a hat is part of a suit of clothes.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

Officers of the Northern Securities Co. Are Enjoined.

St. Paul, Minn., April 10.—The position of the United States government in the suit brought against the Northern Securities Co., the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways and individual officials and directors of those companies, was sustained in the decision handed down in the United States circuit court of appeals in this city Thursday. The case was originally brought in the United States district court here, but under a special act of congress was taken at once to the court of appeals, which court was to expedite the hearing and decision of the case in every manner possible.

The taking of testimony in this city and in New York lasted for several weeks and the arguments in St. Louis before Circuit Judges Caldwell, Sanborn, Thayer and Vandeventer, too, several days. The decision of the court was written by Judge Thayer and an appeal to the United States supreme court will be taken immediately.

The opinion of the court, holding that the combination is illegal, is supplemented by the issuance of an injunction restraining the Northern Securities Co. from voting the stock of either the Northern Pacific or Great Northern companies, the merged railroads, and the officials of the roads from allowing the Northern Securities Co. to vote their stock or to pay dividends to the securities company.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

Was the Subject of Senator Hanna's Speech at Erie, Pa.

Erie, Pa., April 10.—United States Senator M. A. Hanna, of Cleveland, was the guest of honor and principal speaker last night at the second annual banquet of the Erie chamber of commerce in Cott's Music hall. Not less than 500 of the representative business and professional men of this city were in attendance.

At the banquet the senator responded to the toast "Capital and Labor," and made a most forcible and characteristic address. He began by saying that his subject was above all politics of the day. He spoke of the Civic Federation, its objects and aims and of the great amount of good it had done. He said the federation had made only one failure and that was a settlement of the great coal strike of last summer. He did not consider that case was a failure, as when the settlement was effected by the coal commission the men secured better conditions than he had asked for them from the operators.

A Tornado in Kansas.

Joplin, Mo., April 10.—It is reported here that a tornado passed over southeastern Kansas Thursday afternoon by which Altamont, a small town 50 miles west of this city, suffered much damage. A telephone message from Oswego, Kan., seven miles east of Altamont, stated that there was a severe storm in the vicinity of Altamont, but nothing is known as to its etxent. Passengers on an eastbound Frisco train stated that it was reported at Altamont as the train passed through there at 7 o'clock, that a tornado had passed over the town and had done much ramage in the country near there.

Boys Loot a House.

New York, April 10.—A man and eight boys looted a house on East Fifty-third street yesterday. They carried off $5,000 worth of bric-a-brac, silverware and jewelry. Seven of the boys have been arrested. One of them, 8 years old, confessed, and told the names of the others. The house was occupied by Mrs. Elizabeth Dempsey, a widow. Thursday morning she removed her furniture to a new abode. She intended placing her remaining belongings in storage. Mrs. Dempsey left the house at noon and returned at 6 o'clock.

BURDICK TRAGEDY

The Pennell Inquest Threw No Light on It.

A Letter from Pennell Is Made Public in Which He Asserts His Innocence of the Burdick Crime and Says a Woman Done the Deed.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 11.—The evidence given Friday at the inquest into the deaths of Arthur R. Pennell and Mrs. Pennell, before Justice Murphy, will not help the authorities in any way to a solution of the Burdick murder mystery. Whether the tragedy at Gehres' stone quarry on March 10, in which Pennell was killed and Mrs. Pennell was fatally injured, was due to accident or design, was not proven.

Thomas Penny, who has acted as attorney for the Pennell family since Arthur Pennell's death, declared that so far as he was aware nothing in the papers left by Mr. Pennell would throw any light upon the murder of Burdick. When questioned regarding the alleged defalcations by Pennell, Mr. Penney declined to answer.

Judge Murphy then delivered his verdict as follows:

"I find and certify: That Arthur R. Pennell came to his death on March 10, 1903, as a result of injuries received while riding in an automobile, the said automobile plunging from an embankment into the Gehres stone quarry.

"That I cannot determine from the evidence submitted whether such plunge was accidental or designed.

"That Carrie Lamb Pennell came to her death as a result of the said plunge of the automobile into the quarry."

W. C. Omphelius, Pennell's stenographer, produced a typewritten copy of the first draft of a statement prepared for publication by Pennell before his death. The statement follows:

"To the Public—Owing to the fact that my name was connected with the pending divorce proceedings it was forced into great publicity in connection with the tragedy itself. So far as any possible connection with that crime was concerned, I satisfied, I think, the district attorney and his assistants thoroughly that I had nothing to do with it.

"It now becomes incumbent upon me to make some statement relative to my connection with the divorce proceedings. There was no truth in the charges brought by the plaintiff in that proceeding against the defendant and myself. The charges were absolutely denied under oath and counter charges had been made, and in a short time the case would have been tried before a referee and settled.

"The relations between the plaintiff and the defendant had been strained for some time. Twice he had attempted to make her leave home. My wife and myself had taken her side in the controversy and she had consulted me for legal advice. During this time the man was in intimate relations with a woman whom he desired to marry. For that purpose it was necessary to be free from his wife. He discovered that his wife knew of these relations.

"Being apprised of the evidence against him, he determined to anticipate her action by bringing an action himself, in order that he might have the appearance of being the injured party, and he made me a defendant in the action. His allegations were properly denied and the issues would have been squarely met, when his death occurred at the hands of some unknown woman, whom he had invited to his house at midnight."

CROSSED THE DIVIDE.

Rev. Milburn, the Blind Chaplain of the United States Senate, Dies in California.

Washington, April 11.—Rev. William Henry Milburn, the blind chaplain of the United States senate, died in Santa Barbara, Cal., Friday. Word to this effect was received here last night by Col. Ransdell, the sergeant-at-arms of the senate. Mr. Milburn, accompanied by his two nieces, left Washington for the Pacific coast about a year ago. The chaplain was in broken health. The change brought no great improvement in his condition and when congress met in December he forwarded his resignation to Washington, but it was never acted on. The deceased was a native of Philadelphia, where he was born in 1823.

When he was five years of age a playfellow accidentally struck him in the left eye with a piece of glass. For two years he was confined to a dark room under medical treatment, and when he came out one of his eyes was entirely blind and little sight was left in the other. He, however, pursued his studies at school and college for about 20 years, the sight growing dimmer until gradually he became totally blind. In 1838 he went with his father's family to Jacksonville, Ill., and in 1843 he became a traveling preacher of the Methodist church, serving charges in various sections of the country.

Mr. Milburn was twice elected chaplain of congress, the first time in 1845, when a little over 22 years of age, was twice chaplain of the house of representatives and lastly chaplain of the senate, to which office he was elected in 1893.

While serving a charge at Mobile, Ala., Mr. Milburn underwent a trial for heretical teachings. He was widely known as the blind preacher and lecturer.

Rejected the Company's Offer.

New York, April 11.—Fifteen hundred employes of the Manhattan Elevated railway held a meeting Friday to decide upon an answer to the offer of the officials of the company to increase the wages and reduce the hours of the men. The concessions of the road's officials were greeted with cries of disapproval and the dissatisfaction of the men practically was unanimous. It was decided to have the executive board submit new demands to the officials and if concessions are not granted by next Thursday to call a general strike and tie up the road.

VERY GRATIFYING.

The Outlook in the Business World was Never Brighter.

New York, April 11.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Aside from the prevalence of strikes and possibility of further interruption to industrial activity next month on this account, the business outlook is most gratifying. Late frosts caused some damage early in the week, but low temperatures did not continue and in most sections agricultural products had not advanced sufficiently to suffer materially, while the prospects are bright for large crops, and heavy sales of fertilizers testify to extensive operations. Despite some unfavorable weather, eastern retail trade has been heavy and jobbing activity in summer fabrics indicates expectation of a vigorous consumption as the season advances.

Makers of merchant pipe, tools, agricultural implements and all kinds of machinery have more business than can be handled promptly. The pig iron output has bounded upwards with the better movement of fuel and in a short time production will be at the rate of 20,000,000 tons annually. These figures are the better appreciated when it is remembered that they are more than double the maximum year's output prior to 1899.

In the textile industries there are still adverse factors, notably the labor controversies at cotton mills.

Failures this week numbered 198 in the United States, against 198 last year, and 15 in Canada, compared with 19 a year ago.

THAT LIBEL BILL.

It Is Up to Pennsylvania's Governor for Approval or Veto.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 11.—The libel bill which has stirred up the entire newspaper press of the state, came into the possession of Gov. Pennypacker late Friday afternoon for his approval or disapproval. The bill passed the house by a vote of 125 to 57 after a somewhat bitter fight. Three democrats voted with the majority and 23 republicans joined with the minority.

United States Senator Penrose and other republican leaders have been on the ground several days directing the fight in favor of the bill. The opponents of the measure charged that the republican state organization issued "orders" that the bill be rushed through before the members went home for the week and that they were thus deprived of an opportunity to consult with their constituents.

The Philadelphia newspapers are taking a leading part in opposing the bill. A strong protest was received by all members of the house against its passage and the publishers asked the governor for a hearing on the ground that their rights and property are involved. The governor granted the request and will fix a day for a hearing. He has 30 days in which to approve or disapprove the bill.

TWICE DEFEATED.

President Vasquez Fails in Two Attempts to Capture San Domingo City.

Santo Domingo City, April 11.—The negotiations for a peaceful settlement of the questions in dispute, initiated by the consuls, failed and the suspension of hostilities ended Monday morning when President Vasquez opened fire on the revolutionary positions. The rebels in this city replied with cannon and the fighting lasted all of Monday and Monday night, only ceasing Tuesday morning, by which time Gen. Vasquez's troops had been finally repulsed in their assault on the city. The number of killed and wounded is unknown.

The government troops made a second attempt Tuesday morning to force their way into the city, but after a heavy fight on the banks of the river they were again thrown back. The insurgent general Pepin was killed.

A New Experience for Mr. Sage.

New York, April 11.—Russell Sage has been called upon to pay $40,000 because he made loans at a disadvantage to himself and those he represented as chairman of the finance committee of the German-American Real Estate Title Guarantee Co. The payment was ordered by Judge Gildersleeve, of the supreme court, in an action brought by the receiver of the company against Mr. Sage, E. V. Loew, former comptroller of New York, and Charles J. Obermayer, all officers of the finance committee of the company, for $65,000. It is understood Mr. Sage paid $40,000 of the amount and Messrs. Loew and Obermayer the balance.

Castro Stands Pat.

Washington, April 11.—News was received here Friday from Venezuela to the effect that President Castro will remain firm and sustain Mr. Bowen, Venezuela's plenipotentiary, in the attitude he has taken respecting the settlement of the claims against Venezuela and in favor of referring the question of preferential treatment of the blockading powers to The Hague for determination.

Murdered on the Street.

Altoona, Pa., April 11.—Herman Henderson, aged 20, and Samuel Hamm, aged 21, both colored, quarreled yesterday over a game of cards in the woods in the suburbs of the city and the latter was severely beaten. Returning home Hamm secured a revolver and, meeting his antagonist on the street, shot him dead. Hamm escaped by boarding a westbound freight train.

Cattlemen Will Resist.

Topeka, Kan., April 11.—Advices from northwestern Kansas indicate that the cattlemen of that portion of the state will resist the order of the interior department that their fences around government lands must come down. A contest is being waged between the cattle owners and farmers there, and up to this time the farmers have been unsuccessful in their efforts to have the fences removed. More than 40,000 acres of government land will be thrown open for settlement in Kansas, when the fences shall be removed by the cattlemen.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., March 27, 1903.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 15
Felt's Fancy, "	1 30
Pet Grove, "	1 30
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	65
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 25
Chop Feed, "	1 25
Middlings, Fancy "	1 25
Bran, "	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	70
White Oats, per bushel,	48
Choice Clover Seed, / Choice Timothy Seed, / Choice Millet Seed, / Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Coutributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department,let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Mrs. M. C. Tulis spent Sunday last in Buffalo.

Mrs. O. P. Warner has moved into the Fenton residence.

Robt. Faucette rejoices over the arrival of a daughter at his home.

Mrs. Guy Bonham and children occupy their Fifth street home.

Chas. Howard and family will move back to their farm within a few weeks.

Mrs. John Gauntz, left last Sunday to visit her daughter Mrs. Slocum at Buffalo.

County Treasurer Walter Youthers was looking after business here last Saturday.

Miss Jean McNarney is able to walk without the aid of a crutch, after a long illness.

Mr. Ralph Goodall, of Driftwood attended Easter services in Emporium on Sunday.

Miss Jettie Wiley is staying with Mrs. F. H. Norris during her husband's stay at Buffalo Hospital.

R. H. Hirsch is comfortably located in the house recently erected by Mr. Kelly on Chestnut street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Howard returned last Friday from Emporia, Fla , where she has passed several months.

Harry Derby came over from Olean on Saturday and spent Sunday with his parents and many friends here.

Jos. Strayer, of Sinnamahoning, was shaking hands with his friends at this end of the county on Monday.

E. H. Gregory and family have moved into the house on Fourth street recently remodeled by Mr. Auchu.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson, hsve rented their Portage farm and will live with Mrs. Winfield, at Wiley bridge.

Mrs. Goldie Lyons came over from Buffalo on Saturday and spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Lyons.

Miss Ada Hockley came up from Williamsport on Monday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. K. Hockley a few days.

Mrs. E. C. Davison, who is spending part of her time at Johnsonburg with her husband visited at her home here a few days last week.

Mr. B. W. Green and wife and Miss Alice Montgomery returned on Sundas from Emporia, Fla., where they had been visiting for several months.

Mrs. Smith accompanied her husband, Dr. Smith, to Buffalo Hospital and will remain there during the Dr's confinemen, from the effects of an operation.

Oliver W. Grimm, Editor of the Anstin Republiban was in town on Monday evening and made us a short visit. We found Mr. Grimm a very pleasant gentleman.

Anna May Strait, daughter of E. G. Strait has been very low withdiphtheria for two weeks at her home at 37 N. Brady street, DuBoiss but is some better at this writing, we are glad to note.

Mrs. Sisson, of Erie, wife of the Senator from that district, visited Mrs. Laura Bryan last Thursday and Friday. She was enroute for Harrisburg to remain with the Senator until close of session.

Geo. P. Jones spent Sunday with his family at this place.

Miss Ada Kissel, of Sterling Run, is visiting in town to-day.

Benj Lord has moved his family from this place to Sterling Run.

Miss Eva Leet returns to Wilson College at Chambersburg this week.

P. H. Fitzpatrick was in town over Sunday. Pat is now located at Cameron.

Chief of Police Mundy is again on deck after a severe illness of about two weeks.

J. L. Johnson of Gibson township was transacting business iu the county seat on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Howard and Mr. and Mss. Henry Auchu have returned from Wisconsin.

Chas. Cummerford has been laid up the past week the result of a sprain received while playing.

Miss Bisson who was taken sick while visiting her sister at this place is able to be about again.

Celo Dalrymple, of Galeton, is visiting her uncle Wm. Dalrymple and family at this place this week.

John Exstrom, of St. Marys, was shaking hands with old friends in town on Tuesday and took in the ball at the opera house in the evening.

Miss Dransfield a young lady emploped at the Climax Powder Co., office who has been sick for some time is much better at this writing.

Miss Isabel Johnson, of Sterling Run, departed last Wednesday morning on mail for Pittsburg, Pa., to visit relatives and friends, and on her way back will visit in Altoona, Pa.

Mr. Goodnough, of Cornwall-on-the-Hndson, who has been visiting his brother C. J. Goodnough at this place, the past week, made the PRESS a short call on Tuesday. Mr. Goodnough returned to his home on Wednesday.

S. J. Fee, of Chicago, has returned to Emporium for the summer season. Mr. Fee is agent for a Baltimore firm and sells fruits and green goods and our people may now look for everything in his line.

Mal. Terwilliger, who is employed by the Climax Powder Co., had the misfortune to let a 500 pound cask fall on his left hand Monday afternoon badly squeezing that member. Dr. Baker gave him attention.

Fewer gallons; wears longer; Devoe.

Card of Thanks.

We take this method of returning thanks to our neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our dear husband and father.

MRS. MARTIN GERMOND AND FAMILY.

A curious feature of the fire-works program during the dedication ceremonies at the World's Fair, St. Louis, will be the release of a large balloon made of the finest and lightest oil silk, and filled with the best quality of hydrogen. To this balloon will be attached, under proper safeguards to prevent injury, a notice directed to the finder that on return of the notice to the Exposition officials a season pass to the Fair will be given. It is estimated that the balloon under moderately favorable conditions will travel a thousand miles before returning to earth. It is likely that much interest will be displayed on the night of the balloon's release as to the direction of the wind and the localities in the fortunate direction will be on the lookout for the treasure-laden messenger.

Two first-class cooks would like employment either in boarding house, hotel or camp. Reference if desired, address. M. L. FREELAND,
7-2t. Pennfield, Pa.

A large quantity of Royal New Yorker Seed Potatoes for sale, 75 cents per bushel, delivered. Also good eating potatoes at same price. Apply
6-3t. CHAS. C. WILEY.

All Smokers smoke the 'W. H. Mayer" hand made cigar, the best five cent cigar on the market. Be sure you ask for it. 24-tf.

Any Church.

Or parsonage or institution supported by voluntary contribution will be given a liberal quanity of the Longman & Martinez Pure Paints whenever they paint.

NOTE- Have done so for twenty-seven years. Sales: tens of millions of gallons; painted nearly two million houses under guarantee to repaint if not satisfactory. The paint wears for periods up to eighteen years. Linseed Oil must be added to the paint (done in two minutes). Actual cost then about $1.25 a gallon. Samples free. Sold by our Agents. Harry S. Lloyd.

Danger of Colds and Grip.

The greatest danger for colds and grip is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care be used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure a cold or an attack of the grip in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

t

A Clinch.

The editor of the Glasgow Echo avers he is not much of a sport; but, he says, "when we meet a cinch in the road we recognize it." He accepted a proposition the other day, made by a friend, through which he was to give his friend a dime for every time a woman passed them and did not put her hand behind her to learn if her skirt was all right behind. On the other hand, the editor's friend agreed to give him a nickel for each time a woman felt of her belt behind. "We got sixty-two nickels," the molder of opinion says, "and paid him one dime. A woman with both arms full of parcels came along."

Wax From Trees.

The wax palm of the Andes is a vegetable wonder. It grows to a height of nearly 200 feet and thrives not only on the plains, but the mountains. The wood is tough and durable and is employed in carpentry. The wax comes from the pits between the trunk and fronds. It is yellow or grayish white, is as pure as beeswax and is used for making candles. A peon climbing the trees can gather from twenty to thirty pounds from each.

Marks Time.

Nodd—Your baby isn't three months old yet, is he?

Todd—Oh, yes. To be exact, I have been awake now just ninety-six nights. —Life.

Nash, a writer of the sixteenth century, says, "If a hogge loseth an eye, he dyeth presently." Also, "Goats take breath not at the mouth and nose only, but at ye earse (ears) also."

Use It.

One of the best pieces of advice for a safe journey through life I saw on a sign at a railroad crossing. The sign read, "Stop! Look! Listen!"—Baltimore American.

Makes a Clean Sweep.

There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the Salves you ever heard of, Bucklen's Arnica calve is the best. It sweeps away and cures Burns, Sores, Bruises, Cuts, Boils, Ulcers, Skin Eruptions and Piles. It's only 25c, and guarantcee by L. Taggart, druggist.

Experience teaches a man how dishonest other men are.

Due Notice is Served.

Due notice is hereby given on the public generaliy that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the only salve on the market that is made from the pure unadulterated witch hazel. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve bas cured thousands of cases of piles that would not yield to any other treatment, and this fact has brought out many worthless counterfeits. Those persons who get the genuine DeWitts Witch Hazel Salve are never disappointed, because it cures. R. C. Dodson.

Wise is the fool who knows enough to keep it to himself.

For liver troubles and constipation
There's nothing better in creation
Than Little Early Risers, the famons little pills
They always effect a cure and save doctor bills.
Little Early Risers are different from all other pills. They do not weaken the system, but act as a tonic to the tissues by arousing the secretions and restosing the liver to the full performance of its functions naturally. R C. Dodson.

Prejudice is an illiterate vice.

Good for Children.

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of Cough, Croup and LaGrippi because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. It draws out the inflammation, heals and sooths and cures permanently by enabling the lungs to contribute pure life—giving and life—sustaining oxygen to the blood and tissues. R. C. Dodson.

Some people are too busy doing nothing to learn a trade.

New Store.

W. H. Cramer has re-entered the dry goods and ladies furnishing goods business, having opened a store, opposite the opera house, with an entire new line of goods, just opened and ready for inspection. Miss Lena Evans is saleslady in charge and invites her former customers to give her a call, and avail themselves of the special bargains offered in seasonable goods. 3-tf.

Early seed potatoes for sale.
J. J. SCHWAB, Cameron, Pa.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

Letter to F. W. Yentzer.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: We hear you're doing a good business, and we know already, without your telling us, that you use good paint and do good work. We've got a big business too—been at it 149 years—making good paint, best paint in the world, Devoe Lead and Zinc.

"Fewer gallons and wears longer"—that's the reason in short It takes fewer gallons of Devoe Lead and Zinc than of mixed paints to cover a house, and it wears longer than lead and oil or any mixed paint.

Smith & Wilber, Cambridge Springs, Pa., write:

One of our painters says Devoe is the best paint for a painter to use when taking work by the job as it goes farther and covers better than any paint he has ever used.

Here's the experience everybody has with it. The dealer who sells Devoe gets the bulk of the paint business of his town. The painter who paints Devoe gets the painting of his town.

Yours truly,
F. W. DEVOE, & Co.,
New York.

P. S. Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint.

Very Low Rates to the West and Southwest.

The Missouri Pacific Ry. and Iron Mountain Route will sell one-way and round trip Homeseekers tickets to points in Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Missouri, Arkansas, Indiana and Oklahoma Territories, Louisiana, Texas, and New Mexico, on the first and third Tuesdays of April at unusually low rates. For further information write John R. James, Central Passenger Agent, 905 Park Bldg. Pittsburg. 6-tf

Desirable Farm for Sale.

A very desirable 20 acre farm, situated near Cameron, Pa., on line of P. & E. R. R., will be sold at a bargain. Good dwelling house and other improvements. For terms and price, address W. L. Sykes, Galeton, Pa. 5-4t.

Office Safe for Sale.

A good-as-new safe, suitable for ordinary business, for sale at a bargain Apply at PRESS offlce. 5-tf.

Eggs for Sale.

Full blooded Wyandotte and Plymouth Rock eggs for hatching—$1.50 for 13. J. T. HEALY, Emporium, Pa. 1-tf.

Interesting
MORE GOOD VALUES AT
DAY'S
THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

It is indeed ineresting to know just where a dollar will go the farthest and buy goods that are just as they are represented.

We fell proud of having this distinction.

Here are some of the bargains we offer for this week,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

California Green Gage Plumes, 15c. Large can. Regular, 20c.

Pie Peaches, 10c goods per can 9c. 3 cans 25c.

Canned Apricots, extra standard quality, can 15c. Regular 20c.

Baked Beans, large can, 7c. With or without tomato sauce.

Tomatoes, finest quality, can 10c. Regular 12c goods.

Shredded Wheat Biscuit, package, 12c.

Queen Olives, 16 oz. bottle 20c. Good value at 25c.

25 Lb. Bag Sugar Best Granulated. $1.40

Fresh Garden Truck is daily making its appearence in the market. We will have it as fast as it comes within reach.

Straw Berries—Expect to have liberal supplies of this delicious fruit from this on.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY Daily Delivery

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 1020 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's
A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.
UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C Dodson

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository
D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." PRICE, 50 CENTS. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson. Call for free sample.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates.

No. 3255.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

AT EMPORIUM, IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, APRIL 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$272,885 84
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,535 69
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		50,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits		100,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand		500 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		11,736 26
Stocks, secureties, etc		52,094 85
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		7,748 90
Other real estate owned		6,530 49
Due from Nat'l Banks (not reserve agts)		994 64
Due from approved reserve agents		14,026 07
Internal-Revenue Stamps		29 34
Checks and other cash items		35 00
Notes of other National Banks		30 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		212 50
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK:		
Specie	$20,460 35	
Legal-tender notes	3,120.00	23,580 35
Redemption fund with U.S. Treasurer, 5 per cent of circulation		2,500 00
Total		$545,439 93

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$50,000 00
Surplus fund		37,500 00
Undivided profits less expenses and taxes paid		18,432 99
National Bank notes outstanding		48,350 00
Due to other National Banks,		10,956 14
Due to approved reserve agents		16 98
Individual deposits subject to check	$269,049 53	
Demand certificates of deposit	915 05	
Certified checks	36 45	
Cashier's checks outstanding	10,182 79	
United States deposits	100,000 00	380,183 82
Total		$545 439 93

State of Pennsylvania, County of Cameron, ss:—I, T. B. Lloyd, Cashier of the above named Bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. B. LLOYD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of April 1903.
M. M. LARRABEE, J. P.

CORRECT—Attest:
GEO. A. WALKER,
N. SEGER.
B. W. GREEN,
Directors.

Notice!

THIS should interest all men who wear up to date TAILOR MADE CLOTHES.

Fobert, the Tailor

Is now ready with an up to date line of SUITINGS and TROUSERS fresh from New York.
Remember men, the best is the cheapest in the end. My motto is,

"Get Your Money's Worth."

I am in a position to give you your money's worth. I employ only first-class workmen and handle only first-class goods, and our prices are within reach of all. Give me a trial.

I remain
Yours very truly,
J. L. FOBERT,
Emporium, Pa.

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For sale by R. C. Dodson, Druggist, Emporium, Pa. 1

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.
Daily Delivery

Sporting Goods at
HARRY S. LLOYD'S

OUR SERIAL.

YEARS AGO—A BOY'S PLAINT.

I reckon years and years ago
To be a boy was bully fun;
You just was born, and then you'd grow
And keep on growing till you'd done.
You went to school awhile, I know,
But mostly you'd just grow and grow.

The pies and things they used to make!
(I've often heard my father tell)
The pies and dumplings and the cake,
The cookies, tarts and jam as well!
Of course, corn-bread they'd also bake,
But mostly it was pies and cake.

You went in swimming every day—
In summer-time at any rate.
The other boys would come to play;
You had a gun; you'd coast and skate.
Some work there was, of course—but say—
It mostly was just play and play.

'Twas nutting-time the whole year through,
And Fourth July would last a week;
Old Santa Claus was really true,
And drove his reindeers like a streak.
Of course, there were the chores to do—
But who would care with Santa true?

And then the people who were grown,
They gave a boy a little rest;
A fellow then was let alone,
And went to bed when he thought best.
Sometimes your father'd scold, I own,
But mostly you were let alone.

'Twould been more fun I really know
(A mother's club is my ma's forte)
If I'd been born some years ago.
(My pa he reads my school report!)
Some things, of course, were pretty slow—
But I'd 'a' chanced it years ago!
—Hayden Carruth, in Woman's Home Companion.

The KIDNAPPED MILLIONAIRES

A Tale of Wall Street and the Tropics

By FREDERICK U. ADAMS

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CHAPTER XVIII.

MR. PENCE DISCOVERS GOLD.

With much difficulty Mr. Simon Pence scaled the heights overlooking the bay, and, aided by Vincent, finally reached the top. He cast one lingering look behind, and followed his young and sturdy companion into the half-jungle which lay before them. They found it possible, by following the cliffs along the ocean, to make fairly rapid progress. Their march was hindered by frequent gorges, but they proceeded laboriously but steadily in a southern direction.

Shortly after noon they ate their luncheon. They rested on a ledge fronting the sea. Two miles to the south a huge crag reached out into the blue water, and beyond no land was visible. They decided to make an attempt to climb the promontory, believing that it would afford a view of the south shore, and perhaps a general survey of the island.

The brush thickened. They slowly forced their way through a thicket; Mr. Pence in advance. Suddenly he gave a cry of terror, and fell over Vincent in his wild retreat.

Before them stood a monster—the grotesque figure of a human being, with outstretched arms, hideous face and protruding teeth. At a glance Vincent recognized it as a stone image, and shouted reassuringly to the fleeing explorer.

In the open space before them were the massive ruins of temples and palaces; the tomb of a city which had flourished and decayed long before the dawn of recorded history. On mound and terrace were crumbling relics of a former grandeur.

The ruins covered many acres, and lay back from the cliffs a distance not exceeding 100 yards. There were traces of ancient fountains, with figures half-buried in the mud and slime of what once were pleasing pools.

In the center of the ruined city was a pyramidal mound, surmounted by the wreck of what once must have been an imposing structure. Vincent climbed up this mound and gazed with awe on the grewsome figures which were scattered in odd postures around the stone floor of the temple. In one corner the floor had caved in and revealed a subterranean vault or chamber of unknown extent. Vincent lowered himself to the floor below. At first it was so dark he could not survey his surroundings, but his eyes became accustomed to the gloom. He stumbled over the uneven surface and entered a passageway leading to the left. Mr. Pence called to him from overhead, and Vincent answered; his voice sounding sepulchral as it echoed through the corridors. A fallen stone block half closed the opening into a smaller room. Vincent lit a match and entered. The walls were covered with a growth of fungus, but his eyes were riveted to a collection of carved figures of various size which lined three sides of the wall.

They evidently were images or idols, and were ugly enough to have scared the worshippers into any confession or belief. They rested on a stone shelf formed by the top of a mosaic wainscoting which projected from the walls. Vincent picked up one of the smaller images and started back to examine it more carefully in the daylight. It seemed remarkably heavy, but he imagined it to be bronze or copper, tarnished by the rust of ages. Vincent found Mr. Pence looking down into the hole, but making no move to quit terra firma.

"See what I have found," said Vincent, handing the idol to Mr. Pence.

"What a singularly ugly thing," remarked the capitalist as he handled it gingerly. "It's awful heavy. What's it made of?"

Vincent pulled himself out of the hole and brushed the mold from his clothes. Mr. Pence looked intently at the image. He "hefted" it judiciously. It was of a rusty brown color, but smooth and well preserved.

"Remarkably heavy!" said Mr. Pence. His eyes glittered and he was much excited.

"Let me take your knife," he said. Vincent produced a knife and opened the big blade. Mr. Pence dug into the flat nose of the idol. He gave the knife a circular motion, and on the end of the blade lay a shining yellow chip.

"Gold!" he shouted. "Gold! Solid gold! Solid gold, and it weighs more than ten pounds!"

The face of the millionaire was a study. For a moment it shone with the splendor of the gold shaving which rested in the palm of his hand. At that instant he was oblivious to his surroundings. He clenched the image tightly and regarded it with a rapt expression such as a mother lavishes on her babe. Suddenly his attitude changed. He recovered himself with a start. His face darkened. He glared at Vincent and drew back from him as in aversion.

"Where did you find this?" he almost shrieked in a voice harsh and trembling with excitement.

"Back in there," said Vincent, waving his hand away from the mouth of the cavern "There's lots of them back there."

"Take me there! Take me there!" He dropped his voice almost to a whisper. He glanced around as if expecting some one might see or hear him.

"They belong to us," he said, laying his hand affectionately on Vincent's shoulder. "To us; do you understand, to us. We found them—you and I. They are ours, Vincent, all ours. We will divide them between us two—just you and I. Help me down there. Let me see them. Are you sure there is a lot of them? Perhaps they are not like this one. Bigger, did you say? Which way is it? How awful dark it is! Take hold of my hand!"

Before the magic of the touch of gold the natural cowardice of the elderly millionaire disappeared. Twice he fell and bruised his hands, but

THEY WERE UGLY ENOUGH.

he did not care. They came to the vault. Vincent went in first and lit a match. Mr. Pence gave an exclamation of delight. He rushed to one of the images, lifted it, ran his fingers lovingly over the surface and laughed with joy. The match burned out and the room was dark as midnight.

"Light another, quick!" shouted Simon Pence. "I'll tell you what you do," he exclaimed, as the match lightened up the gloom. "I will stand outside and you hand them to me, and I will carry them where we can see them."

Vincent did as he was told. He started at one end of the shelf and felt his way around, and handed the images to the outstretched hands of Mr. Pence, who carried them along the corridor and placed them in a corner of the outer room. It took an hour or more to do this, at the end of which timeVincent declared that all figures were removed. Mr. Pence began testing the images. As he dug into each idol and found it gold his joy knew no bounds. Vincent also was delighted. He owned a half interest in more property than he ever had hoped to obtain, unless by chance some of his cherished plans should find a financier. Both forgot the flight of time. They counted the idols and images and found there were 63. They then attempted to estimate the weight of their treasures. They calculated the smallest one at ten pounds and the others ranged all the way up to one estimated at not less than 70 pounds. As nearly as they could judge, after carefully estimating the weight of each image, the total was about 1,575 pounds.

"How much is gold worth a pound?" asked Vincent, as he held an idol out at arm's length. He remembered that he could "hold out" a weight of 30 pounds, and this one required all of his muscular effort.

"Gold is worth about $224 a pound," said Mr. Pence. "That is based on the amount of gold in coins. This looks like pure gold to me. It is awful soft. Don't rub that image like that; you will wear it out. What time is it?"

Vincent had no watch; neither had Mr. Pence, but they thought it was about three o'clock in the afternoon.

"We must be going back at once," said Vincent. "What are we going to do with those things? We can't carry them with us. Let's each take two of the smaller ones and start along. We can get help to-morrow and carry the rest of them to the bungalow. In the meanwhile we will put them back in that vault."

"What are you talking about, man?" exclaimed Simon Pence. "Go and leave this gold here? Never! Never, sir, never! Go away and leave $350,000 in gold unguarded? I cannot think of it. You go back to camp and get help. I will remain."

"Who is going to find it or steal it?" demanded Vincent. "The chances are that no one has been here before in a thousand years. If they had been, the gold would not be here. It is as safe as in a vault in New York. Come along, Mr. Pence. How dark it is getting! What is that moaning sound? We must go back. It is going to storm."

"I will never leave this gold here!" said Mr. Pence. "It is not safe. You go back and I will remain. I am not afraid. I will stay all night if necessary. Come back in the morning and bring help and food."

"That is foolish, Mr. Pence," said Vincent. He had climbed out of the cavern and stood facing the sea.

"Come on," he said. "There is going to be an awful storm. It looks like a hurricane. Come on; you must not remain here."

"Go back, and let me alone," said Mr. Pence. "I will never, never leave here alive with this gold unguarded. I have a gun. I am not afraid. Go on back to the camp. Tell them the gold is ours—all ours. If I stay here and take care of it, I ought to have more than half of it. Go ahead, before the storm breaks!"

It was useless to argue with him. Vincent bade him good-bye and started on a run for Morton's Bay. He had not gone a quarter of a mile before the storm struck the island. The first blast swept him from his feet. A falling tree half buried him in its branches, and his face was scratched and bleeding. A few rods away was a gully. Struggling to his feet he ran and crawled in that direction. He remembered reaching the edge of the gully. There was a crash and a roar; Vincent saw a flash of light and lost consciousness. How long this lasted he did not know. He awoke with the rain beating on his face. There was a dull pain in his head. The rage of the storm was demoniacal. Crawling along the ground, guided by the incessant flashes of lightning, he reached the shelter of a rock, which he shared with an iguana and a huge rock python, whose shiny scales glistened in the flame from the heavens.

The two reptiles cuddled up to the explorer. The big snake ran his flat head between Vincent's coat and his back, and lay motionless. The lizard was more nervous, and ran back and forth along the narrow ledge, but lay most of the time with his crested back resting against Vincent's right arm.

"I was not afraid of them," Vincent explained later. "The storm was so much more frightful than they that I did not mind them. I knew that both of them were harmless, though that snake was big enough to swallow a deer or a man. But he was as scared at the storm as I was, and I tell you any company was welcome that night. I went asleep finally, and when I woke up the storm was over and the snake and lizard were gone."

Simon Pence was venturing out of his dungeon when the storm swept in from the sea. He heard the roar and dropped back in time to miss a palm tree, torn up by the roots and hurled over his head. An instant later one of the huge monoliths fell from its pedestal and crashed through the floor to the south of where he stood. He ran back and forth shouting and waving his hands in terror. From a hundred crevices the rain poured in streams upon the floor. At first it ran down the black corridor, but as the storm increased it began to rise. Inch by inch it rose. The millionaire splashed through the muddy flood and took refuge on a slab of stone which had fallen from the floor above. Here he remained all night, the waters steadily creeping toward him until at last it seemed to find an outlet to the west and remained stationary. The idols and images in the far corner were half buried in debris and water. The larger one lifted its head above the flood, and his wicked eyes gleamed in their sockets in the flashes of lightning. Blue flames of electrictiy ran along the walls of the cavern; balls of fire and tongues of phosphorescent flame glowed in its depths. Above the roar and turmoil of the storm, Mr. Pence could hear wailing cries as of some soul in torment. It was probably his imagination, but there were sounds as if giants were struggling on the shattered floors above his head.

Through the long night Mr. Pence remained in this cavern and heard the storm lashing above his head. No sleep came to his eyelids. When day came and the last rumble of the thunder died away in the north, he was so cramped he could hardly move. He succeeded in wading through the water, and after much effort crawled out into the open air bringing one of the idols with him. In the warmth of the sun his clothes soon dried. He sat down beneath a tree where he could watch the opening of the cave. He closed his eyes for a moment and fell asleep.

When Vincent awoke and found himself alive and not much injured, except for a contusion on the back of his head, he hunted for the idols and soon found them. He was just starting to return to the ruined city when he heard a shout to the north, and the next instant the report of a gun. Vincent shouted in return, and in a few minutes saw Sidney Hammond and Palmer J. Morton coming towards him. Briefly he explained what had happened, and the three set forth for the temple where Mr. Pence was guarding the treasure. The indignation of Sidney and Mr. Morton was tempered by a fear that the millionaire had not survived the fate which his avarice had tempted.

They soon reached the temple. At first they did not observe Mr. Pence. Vincent had crawled down into the cavern and announced that no one was there before Sidney discovered the slumbering guardian under a calabash tree.

It was a pathetic figure which these three men approached. His hat had fallen to the ground, and the matted gray hair half covered the eyes of the sleeping financier. One hand was firmly clutched to the idol. In the relaxed fingers of the other hand was a stout club. The linen clothes were bedraggled in mud and slime. The right foot was in a pool of water. Were it not for the slight but regular heaving of the soiled shirt bosom they would have thought him dead.

Mr. Morton pushed the idol with his foot. The hand of the sleeper instinctively tightened its grip. He awoke with a start, and with surprising agility sprang to his feet

"Back! back!" he shouted. "You shall not have it! I will die first!"

He brandished the club defiantly and swung a blow at Mr. Morton, who stepped back, and narrowly evaded it.

"Wake up, Mr. Pence," said Sidney Hammond. "You are all right! Come out of your trance; it is time to go home."

Simon Pence blinked his eyes, ran his hand over his forehead and came to his senses. He threw himself into Sidney's arms and gave way to his emotions. When he recovered there was no difficulty in persuading him to go back to the bungalow. In fact, he was eager to go. The experiences of the night had overmastered his rapacity. Each of the four carried one of the images, and an hour later were on the raft and soon after all the members of the Social Island Colony once more were beneath the roof of the bungalow.

After a meal they repaired to their rooms and enjoyed several hours of refreshing sleep. It was late in the afternoon before the castaways recovered from the effects of the hurricane.

[To Be Continued.]

Two Stories by a Preacher.

Rev. Dr. Parkin, in his address before the Ministerial union at Witherspoon hall one Monday, told two good stories. The first was of a young minister in the coal regions who had an impediment in his speech. He tried many remedies without avail, till at last, after saving a goodly proportion of his salary by denying himself the comforts of life, he came to Philadelphia to be cured, because he had heard there were so many "speakeasies" here. The other was a minister whose education in business matters had been sadly neglected. He had a small charge also, and eked out a living by writing for the papers. One day he received a check for $15, made payable to his order. He took it to the local bank, and, handing it in, was told to indorse it. He hesitated a moment, and then, taking up the precious document, wrote on the back: "I heartily indorse this check." —Philadelphia Telegraph.

Overmatched.

An amusing incident was witnessed in a cigar store the other afternoon.

A newsboy, having picked up a cigar stump, walked in and, addressing the man behind the counter, said: "Say, boss, give us a match." The The man behind the counter, looking down, said: "My young friend, we are not here for the purpose of giving away matches; we sell them." "How much are dey?" was the question. "One cent a box," the clerk announced. The urchin stuck his hand into his pocket and produced, after a great deal of hunting, a penny and handed it to the man. He received his box of matches, and, taking one out, lit the "butt." Returning the box to the man back of the case, he said: "Say, put dis box on de shelf, and when a gentleman comes along and asks you for a match, why, give him one out of my box."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Old-Time Voting in Baltimore.

Andrew Simpson, one of the oldest voters in Baltimore, recalls with much amusement an incident at an election in the city in know-nothing times. A visitor to Baltimore was walking near one of the polls with his wife when he was approached by some of the know-nothings and asked to vote. He replied that he did not live in Baltimore, but they said that did not make any difference and hustled him up to the polls and made him vote. Then they threw him into the street. Another party came along, brushed the mud off him, declared it was a shame to treat him so, and asked him to vote again. He protested that he had just voted, but that made no difference, and he voted and was again thrown into the street. In that way he voted three times.—Baltimore Sun.

A Miracle.

An English contemporary tells the following good story of muscular Christianity: In a smoking room of a hotel in Dublin, where sat a huge priest, some men were scoffing stupidly about miracles. Up rose the priest and offered to perform a miracle. He seized the most blatant of the scoffers, carried him to the door, and kicked him into the street. When the unhappy youth returned the priest asked, "An' did ye break your back?" "I did not," was the answer. "Well, it's a miracle ye didn't," answered the priest.—N. Y. Tribune.

THE IMPRESSIONS OF A WOMAN

What a Woman Says About Western Canada.

Although many men have written to this paper regarding the prospects of Western Canada, and its great possibilities, it may not be uninteresting to give the experience of a woman settler, written to Mr. M. V. McInnes, the agent of the Government at Detroit, Mich. If the reader wishes to get further information regarding Western Canada it may be obtained by writing any of the agents of the Government whose name is attached to the advertisement appearing elsewhere in this paper.

The following is the letter referred to:

Hilldown, Alberta, Feb'y. 5, 1903.

Dear Sir:

I have been here now nearly five years, and thought I would write you a woman's impression of Western Canada—in Alberta. There are several ranchers in this district who, in addition to taking care of their cattle, carry on farming as well. Their herds of cattle number from 100 to 200 or 300 heads, and live out all winter without any shelter than the poplar bluffs and they come in in the spring in good order. Most of the ranchers feed their cattle part of the time, about this time of the year, but I have seen the finest fat cattle I ever saw that never got a peck of grain—only fattened on the grass. You see I have learned to talk farm since I came here—farming is the great business here. I know several in this district who never worked a day on the farm, till they came here, and have done well and are getting well off.

I think this will be the garden of the Northwest some day, and that day not very far distant. There has been a great change since we came here, and there will be a greater change in the next five years. The winters are all anyone could wish for. We have very little snow, and the climate is fine and healthy. Last summer was wet, but not to an extent to damage crops, which were a large average yield, and the hay was immense—and farmers wore a broad smile accordingly.

We have good schools, the Government pays 70 per cent. of the expense of education, which is a great boon in a new country. Of course, churches of different denominations follow the settlements. Summer picnics and winter concerts are all well attended, and as much, or more, enjoyed as in the East. Who would not prefer the pure air of this climate with its broad acres of fine farms, its rippling streams, its beautiful lakes, its millions of wild flowers, its groves of wild fruit of exquisite flavor, its streams and lakes teeming with fish and its prairies and bluffs with game, to the crowded and stiff state of society in the East. I would like to go home for a visit sometime, but not to go there to live, even if presented with the best farm in Michigan. Beautiful Alberta, I will never leave it. And my verdict is only a repetition of all who have settled in this country. This year, I believe, will add many thousands to our population. And if the young men, and old men also, knew how easy they could make a home free of all incumbrance in this country, thousands more would have settled here. I would sooner have 160 acres here than any farm where I came from in Michigan; but the people in the East are coming to a knowledge of this country, and as they do, they will come West in thousands. All winter, people have been arriving in Alberta, and I suppose in other parts as well, which is unusual, so we expect a great rush when the weather gets warmer.

We have no coal famine here; coal can be bought in the towns for $2 to $3, according to distance from the mines, and many haul their own coal from the mines—getting it there for 50 cents to a dollar a ton.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) Mrs. John McLachlan.

Rough Talk Not So Expensive.

A Kansas City telephone girl has been awarded $12,500 damages because the manager shook her, not figuratively, but literally, says the Chicago Record-Herald. Moral: It is better just to talk to a telephone girl.

Time to Reform.

It is claimed by a St. Louis lady that she knows 500 women in that city who gamble. She ought to break away, says the Chicago Record-Herald, and try to get into a moral "set."

BACKACHE.

Backache is a forerunner and one of the most common symptoms of kidney trouble and womb displacement.

READ MISS BOLLMAN'S EXPERIENCE.

"Some time ago I was in a very weak condition, my work made me nervous and my back ached frightfully all the time, and I had terrible headaches.

"My mother got a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for me, and it seemed to strengthen my back and help me at once, and I did not get so tired as before. I continued to take it, and it brought health and strength to me, and I want to thank you for the good it has done me."—Miss Kate Bollman, 142nd St. & Wales Ave., New York City.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures because it is the greatest known remedy for kidney and womb troubles.

Every woman who is puzzled about her condition should write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

ALABASTINE

The Only Durable Wall Coating

Wall Paper is unsanitary. Kalsomines are temporary, rot, rub off and scale. ALABASTINE is a pure, permanent and artistic wall coating, ready for the brush by mixing in cold water. For sale by paint dealers everywhere. BUY IN PACKAGES AND BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.

ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

ABOVE ALL OTHERS
TOWERS FISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING
THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY.
DON'T GET WET
MADE IN BLACK OR YELLOW BY A. J. TOWER CO. BOSTON, MASS. U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO. LIMITED, TORONTO, CAN.
SOLD BY RELIABLE DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

CLOSE TO THE PEOPLE.

Doan's Kidney Pills have leaped into Public favor because the people can write direct to the makers and secure a trial free. Thus has been builded the greatest fame and largest sale known to any Kidney medicine in the world.

Curtice, O.—I had such severe pain in my back that I could not walk. I used the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills with such good results I sent to Toledo for another box, and they cured me.—Sarah E. Cottrell, Curtice, O.

Falmouth, Va.—I suffered over twelve months with pain in the small of my back. Medicines and plasters gave only temporary relief. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me.—F. S. Brown, Falmouth, Va.

West Haven, Conn.—Eight months ago I took a severe pain in my back. The sample box of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me so much I purchased two boxes; am on my second box. My heart does not bother me as it used to and I feel well.—Sarah E. Bradley, No. 377 Elm Street, West Haven, Conn.

Houston, Tex.—I took the sample of Doan's Kidney Pills with such great benefit I bought a box at our druggist's. Used over half and stopped, because my urine which before had only come dribbling, now became so free. I had medicine enough. I had lumbago and the pills rid me of it. I should have written sooner, but you know how soon a well person forgets about being sick.—Mr. C. H. Hoencke, No. 2319 McKenny Ave., Houston, Tex.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.

FREE—GRAND FOR SPRING KIDNEY ILLS.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Please send me by mail, without charge, trial box Doan's Kidney Pills.

Name .....
Post-office .....
State .....
(Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.)

Medical Advice Free—Strictly Confidential.

Pennsylvania
RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 25, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelp ia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12:25 P. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 p. m.; New York, 10:23 p. m.; Baltimore, 7:30 p. m.; Washington, 8:35, p. m. Vestibuled Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

8 20 P. M.—daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M. Baltimore, 2:30 A. M. Washington, 4:05 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

O 25 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.33 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 7.15 A. M., Washington 8.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:01 A. M. (Emporium Junction), daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:22 a. m.; New York, 9:33 a. m., week days; (10:33 Sundays); Baltimore, 7:15 a. m.; Washington, 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet Sleeping Cars and Passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS.
(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.			Stations.	NORTHWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	9 00	4 90	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 45
.....	9 50	4 38	...Driftwood...	.....	4 00	11 05
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 23	10 30
.....	11 13	5 53	...St. Marys...	.....	2 41	9 45
3 25	11 15	6 00	.....Kane.....	12 25	3 05	8 25
3 43	11 33	6 22	....Wilcox.....	12 05	2 45	8 04
3 56	11 48	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 33	7 49
4 10	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway,....	9 35	2 15	7 30
4 20	12 20	7 10	..Mill Haven...	9 25	2 04	7 20
4 30	12 30	7 21	.. Croyland....	9 15	1 54	7 09
4 34	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 11	1 51	7 05
4 37	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 07	1 47	7 01
4 41	12 40	7 33	.....Carrier.....	9 02	1 43	6 57
4 51	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville.	8 53	1 33	6 47
4 54	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 47	1 28	6 43
		7 51	.McMinns Sm't.	8 43		
5 02	1 03	7 54	.Harveys Run..	8 39	1 19	6 35
5 10	1 10	8 00	..Falls Creek...	8 35	1 15	6 30
5 25	1 25	8 15	....DuBois.....	8 25	1 05	6 10
5 10	1 20	8 10	..Falls Creek...	6 58	1 13	6 30
5 27	1 32	8 23	.Reynoldsville..	6 44	12 52	6 15
6 00	1 59	8 50	...Brookville...	6 10	12 24	5 39
6 45	2 38	9 30	New Bethlehem		11 47	4 50
7 25	3 20	10 10	...Red Bank....	.....	11 10	4 05
9 45	5 30	12 35	....Pittsburg....	.....	9 00	1 30
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leave Emporium Junction for Port Allegany, Olean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.

Train No. 107, daily.....4:05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily.....4:15 P. M.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Train No. 101, week days.....8:25 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days.....1:45 P. M.

Train No. 103 will connect at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.

STATIONS.	109	113	101	105	107	901
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M	A. M.
Pittsburg,..Lv.	.....	†6 15	†9 00	†130	*505	† 9 00
Red Bank,.....	.....	9 28	11 10	4 05	7 55	11 10
Lawsonham,..	.....	9 40	§1122	4 18	8 07	11 22
New Bethle'm.	.....	10 13	11 47	4 50	8 37	11 55
Brookville, ...	†6 10	11 00	12 24	5 39	9 22	12 41
Reynoldsville,.	6 44	11 32	12 52	6 15	9 50	1 14
Falls Creek....	6 58	11 48	1 13	6 30	1005	1 29
DuBois,.....	7 05	†11 55	1 25	6 40	1010	‡ 1 35
Sabula,.....	7 17	.....	1 37	6 52	*	
Pennfield, ...	7 35	.....	1 55	7 10	*	
Bennezette,....	8 09	.....	2 29	7 44	*	
Driftwood,.....	†8 45	.....	†3 05	†820	*	
via P. & E. Div						
Driftwood.. Lv.	†9 44	.....	†3 45			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 25	.....	†4 10			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M	P. M.

Notes

WESTBOUND.

STATIONS.	108	106	102	114	110	942
Via P. & E. Div	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†8 15	.....	†3 20	.....
Driftwood, Ar..	.....	.....	†9 00	.....	†4 00	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....					.....
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†6 15	†1120	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,....	.....	6 50	11 55	.....	6 26	.....
Pennfield,.....	.....	7 25	12 30	.....	7 00	.....
Sabula,.....	.....	7 44	12 49	.....	7 18	.....
DuBois.....	*6 20	8 00	1 05	†5 05	7 35	†4 10
Falls Creek....	6 27	8 10	1 20	5 12	7 42	4 17
Reynoldsville,..	6 44	8 23	1 32	5 27	7 58	4 30
Brookville.	7 15	8 50	1 59	6 00	†8 30	5 00
New Bethle'm.	8 01	9 30	2 38	6 45	.....	5 45
Lawsonham,..	8 31	9 57	†3 06	7 14	.....	6 18
Red Bank, Ar..	8 45	10 10	3 20	7 25	.....	6 30
Pittsburg, Ar...	*11 15	†1235	†5 30	†9 45	.....	†9 30
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Note—Train 107 on Sundays will make all stop. between Red Bank and DuBois.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. §Flag Stop.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Agt. Gen'l Passenger

TIME TABLE No. 27.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R

Taking effect May 27th, 1901.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10	8	4	6	2
		P. M.	.....	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Fort Allegany,..	Lv.	3 15	.....	7 05	.....	11 36
Coleman,.....		*3 23	.....	○○	.....	*11 41
Burtville,.....		*3 30	.....	7 16	.....	11 47
Roulette,.....		3 40	.....	7 25	.....	11 55
Knowlton's,.....		*3 45	.....	○○	.....	*11 59
Mina,.....		3 59	.....	7 35	.....	12 05
Olmsted,.....		*4 05	.....	*7 38	.....	*12 09
Hammonds,.....		○○	.....	○○	.....	*12 13
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 20	A. M.	7 45	.....	12 15
	Lv.		6 10		6 00	1 00
North Coudersport,		.....	*6 15	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,.....		.....	6 25	.....	*6 10	*1 12
Colesburg,.....		.....	*6 40	.....	*6 17	1 20
Seven Bridges,.....		.....	*6 45	.....	*6 21	*1 24
Raymonds's,.....		.....	*7 00	.....	*6 30	1 35
Gold,.....		.....	7 05	.....	6 36	1 41
Newfield,.....		.....	○○	.....		1 45
Newfield Junction,..		.....	7 37	.....	6 45	1 50
Perkins,.....		.....	*7 40	.....	*6 48	*1 53
Carpenter's,.....		.....	7 46	.....	○○	*1 57
Orowell's,.....		.....	7 50	.....	*6 53	*2 01
Ulysses,.....	Ar.	.....	8 05	.....	7 05	2 10
		.....	A. M.	.....		P. M.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	1	5	3	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses.....Lv.	7 20	2 25	9 10	.....
Orowell's,.....	*7 27	*2 32	* 9 19	.....
Carpenter's,.....	○○	*2 34	* 9 22	.....
Perkins,.....	*7 32	*2 37	* 9 26	.....
Newfield Junction,.....	7 37	2 42	9 32	.....
Newfield,.....	*7 41	2 46	○○	.....
Gold,.....	7 44	2 49	9 40	.....
Raymond's.....	*7 49	2 54	* 9 47	.....
Seven Bridges,.....	*8 01	*3 06	*10 02	.....
Colesburg,.....	*8 04	3 09	*10 10	.....
Frink's,.....	*8 12	*3 17	*10 20	.....
North Coudersport,.....	○○	*3 26	*10 35	.....
Coudersport,..... Ar.	8 25	3 30	10 45	.....
Lv.	8 28	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
Hammonds,.....	○○	○○	○○	.....
Olmsted,.....	*8 33	*6 05	*1 31	.....
Mina,.....	8 37	6 10	1 37	.....
Knowlton's,.....	○○	*6 17	○○	.....
Roulette,.....	8 47	6 21	1 51	.....
Burtville,.....	8 54	6 28	2 01	.....
Coleman,.....	○○	*6 34	○○	.....
Port Allegany,.....	9 08	6 40	2 25	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop
(‡) Telegraph offices. Train Nos. 3 and 10 carry passengers. Tains 8 and 10 do.

Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R

Time Table taking Effect June 23, 1902.

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad and Connections.

"The Grand Scenic Route."

READ DOWN.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Lv	K't'ting Smt...		12 40	7 30	9 10	.....
	.....Austin....	6 35	1 05	8 00	9 50	.....
	....Costello....	6 44	1 14	.....		.....
	....Wharton....	6 56	1 26	.....	3 10	.....
	Cross Fork Jct.	7 39	2 09	.....	4 23	.....
	....Corbett.....	8 06	2 36	.....	5 15	.....
	Germania,.....		2 47	.....	5 15	.....
Ar.	} Galeton,..	.....	.....	.....	5 23	.....
Lv.		8 23	2 53	.....	5 35	.....
	.....Gaines Jct.	8 36	3 06	.....	.....	.....
	...Westfield....	9 13	3 43	.....	.....	.....
	..Knoxville,...	9 26	3 56	.....	.....	.....
	....Osceola	9 36	4 06	.....	.....	.....
	....Elkland.....	9 41	4 11	.....	.....	.....
Ar.	.Addison.....	10 13	4 43	.....	.....	.....
		A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....

READ UP.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	P. M.
ar.	K't'ng Smt...	8 45	7 10	.....	12 25	.....	.....
	.... Austin,....	8 00	6 43	.....	11 58	.....	8 45
	....Costello,....	.....	6 34	.....	11 49	.....	8 36
	...Wharton,...	.....	6 24	8 04	11 39	.....	8 24
	Cross Fork J'ct,	.....	5 40	7 25	10 58	.....	7 40
	....Corbett,....	.....	5 15	6 44	10 34	.....	7 15
	...Germania,...	.....	5 07	6 31	10 26	.....	7 07
dp.	Galeton.....	P. M.	5 00	6 25	.....	.....	.....
ar.	"	7 00	.....	1 00	10 20	.....	7 00
	.... Gaines,....	6 47	.....	12 47	10 00	.....	6 47
	...Westfield,...	6 11	.....	12 11	8 16	.....	6 11
	...Knoxville....	5 55	.....	11 55	8 00	.....	5 55
	....Osceola,....	5 46	.....	11 46	7 51	.....	5 46
	....Elkland,....	5 41	.....	11 41	7 46	.....	5 41
Lv	Addison,.....	5 10	.....	11 10	7 15	.....	5 10
		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....	P. M.

Read down. Read up.

P. M.	A. M.	P. M.			A. M.	P. M.	.....
	9 21	7 00	lv..Ansonia..ar		9 40	8 20	.....
	9 11		..Manhatten...		9 54	8 35	.....
	9 07		..South Gaines,.		9 57	8 39	.....
P. M.	8 59	6 37	..Gaines Junc..		9 59	8 42	.....
.....	8 45	6 25	ar } Galeton } lv			8 55	.....
	6 30	1 05	lv } Galeton } ar		10 10	4 45	.....
.....	6 47	1 24	....Walton.....		9 51	4 39	.....
.....	7 13	1 50	.Newfield Jct...		9 27	4 15	.....
.....	7 30	2 06	West Bingham,..		9 09	3 58	.....
.....	7 41	2 18	..... Genesee....		8 58	3 48	.....
.....	7 46	2 24	.... Shongo		8 53	3 43	.....
.....	8 06	2 46	dp Wellsville ar		8 30	3 20	.....

STATIONS.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	ar	dp	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
3 05	2 00	7 15	Cross F'k Junc.		11 00	6 35	3 00
3 55	1 00	6 25	ar Cross Fork	dp	11 50	5 45	2 10
P. M.	P. M.				A. M.	P. M	A. M
8 58	1 00		Lv Sinnamahoning,	Ar	1 40	165	
8 15	1 40		ar.....Wharton.....	lv	3 00	9 55	

All trains run daily except Sunday.
Sundays only.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. Buf. Div. for all points north and south.

At Ansonia with N.Y.C.& H R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

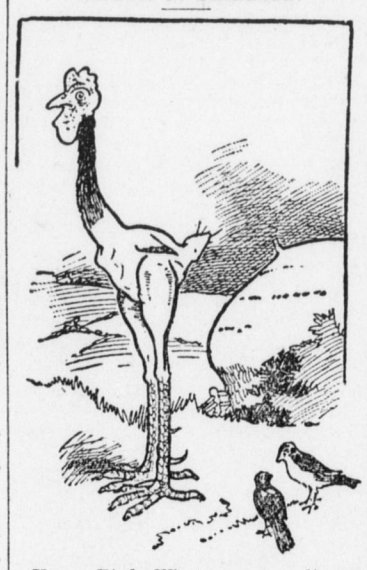
At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

At Sinnamahoning with P. R. R.—P. & E. Div.

H. H. GARDINER, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. Buffalo, N.Y
W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt. Galeton, Pa.
M. J. McMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa.

WISDOM IN BIRDLAND.



Young Bird—What an extraordinary development of legs it's got!

Old Bird—Of course—that's why they call it a spring chicken!—Ally Sloper.

Lack of Opportunity.

George Washington, they tell us,
To falsehood never turned.
Had he been a weather prophet
He would probably have learned.
—Washington Star.

His Proposal.

He—Miss Wilmington, as the only daughter of your mother, I suppose you take a keen interest in her happiness?

She—Most assuredly. Why?

He—Oh, I only wanted to know if you would like her to have me for a son-in-law.—N. Y. Times.

More to the Point.

The Parson—I intend to pray that you may forgive Casey for having thrown that brick at you.

The Patient—Mebbe yer riv'rence 'ud be saving toime if ye'd just wait till Oi git well, an' then pray fer Casey.—Brooklyn Life.

Effectual.

"I have heard that Miss Chopchin married young Flimbers with the idea of reforming him."

"Well, she succeeded. He says he'll never marry again if he lives to be a thousand years old."—Chicago Tribune.

THE FAST TRAINS TO CHICAGO.

New York Central's Express Service Added To.

George H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent of the New York Central Road, talking yesterday of the company's fast train service, said that, in addition to the new twenty-hour train, there are now four twenty-four-hour trains to Chicago, and two Empire State expresses daily.

The Twentieth Century Limited, twenty-hour train, leaves New York every day at 2:45 P. M. and arrives at Chicago the next morning at 9:45. The Lake Shore Limited leaves New York at 5:30 every afternoon, arriving in Chicago the next afternoon at 4:30. The Fast Mail, a fine twenty-four-hour train, leaves New York at 8:45 A. M. every day, reaching Chicago the next morning at 7:50, by both the Lake Shore and the Michigan Central. The noonday Chicago Limited leaves New York at 1 P. M., reaching Chicago by the Lake Shore the next morning at 11:50, a twenty-four-hour train, really twenty-three hours and fifty minutes. The Detroit and Chicago Limited leaves New York at 4 P. M., reaching Chicago the next afternoon, a fourth twenty-four-hour train.—From The New York Times.

Note.—The New York Central also has 15 trains a day between New York and Buffalo and Niagara Falls; 5 trains a day between New York and St. Louis and Cincinnati; 4 trains a day between New York and Montreal and by its Boston and Albany division 4 trains a day between New York and Boston via Springfield.

Mrs. Greene—"That chicken you sold me yesterday was tough as sole leather. Really, I believe the bird was as old as I am." Butcher—"And surely, Mrs. Greene, you would not call yourself old!"—Boston Transcript.

A Farmer's Good Story.

Velpen, Ind., April 6th:—Wm. O'B. Sullivan, a highly respected farmer of this place, tells a personal experience to show that there is still some genuineness and honest worth to be met with in this age in which so many frauds are reported.

"Yes, I have been humbugged," said Mr. Sullivan, "and when I was so ill with the Rheumatism, Kidney and Heart Trouble, I used a good deal of stuff that claimed to be remedies for these diseases only to find them worthless.

"But, as you know, I did find the genuine remedy after all and I had not been taking Dodd's Kidney Pills very long before I knew that they were an honest remedy that would do all and more than was claimed for them. They cured me, made a well man of me and I am now as sound as I ever was.

"I can testify that Dodd's Kindey Pills are a genuine remedy for Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble."

Light on the Subject.

He—I suppose you are aware of the tender feeling I have for you?

She—No; I'm quite in the dark.

"That being the case permit me to suggest that we strike a match."—Chicago Daily News.

Eleventh Hour Resolutions are bad—investigate the chances in the Great Southwest at once. Write for our entertaining books and a copy of "Farming in the Southwest," free. Low rate excursions on the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Ask about the rates. Address "KATY," 305 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

"Any man," said the solemn man, "should hesitate to lie under any circumstances." "Yes," was the emphatic response of the man with the bullet head, "at least long enough to make it sound straight and to avoid mistakes."—Indianapolis News.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, sweating feet. Makes new shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Upton Parke—"Is your wife's new girl a fixture?" Cyril Downs—"Seems to be; I don't see her moving around any."—Town and Country.

Stops the Cough

and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents.

Success is sweet; the sweeter if long delayed and attained through manifold struggles and defeats.—A. Bronson Alcott.

Three trains a day Chicago to California, Oregon and Washington. Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

Thin people who want to appear stouter have been known to lie in wait.—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

I find nonsense singularly refreshing.—Talleyrand.

Three solid through trains daily Chicago to California. Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

Silence is sometimes the severest criticism.—Buxton.

Opium and Liquor Habits Cured. Book free. B. M. Woolley, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

A man must become wise at his own expense.—Montaigne.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes are fast to light and washing.

Every one desires to live long, but no one would be old.—Swift.

The broad mind will not have the big head.—Ram's Horn.

Smiles are smiles only when the heart pulls the wires.—Winthrop.

When Trust meets Trust then comes a biger combine.—Puck.

Deaf-mutes will not answer as servants.—Chicago Daily News.

He who lives but for himself lives but for a little thing.—Barjand.

A very large man sometimes makes a very small citizen.—Chicago Daily News.

What you call temper in your wife you call temperament in yourself.—Town Topics.

Tax Enough.—She—"What would you think of a tax on bachelors?" He—"O, pshaw! Don't we have to buy wedding presents?"—Detroit Free Press.

A Floodtime Incident.—Teacher—"Can you tell where the Mississippi river rises, Johnnie?" Johnnie—"Along its entire length, ma'am."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Fol like," said the rural citizen, "they took an' sent fer one o' them city doctors, an' he give the disease sich a long name that the man, not bein' able to afford a dictionary, never knowed what killed him."—St. Paul Globe.

"Statistics show," said the amateur scientist, "that every time you draw your breath somebody dies." "Perhaps, but if I didn't draw my breath the somebody who dies in that case would certainly be me."—Baltimore Herald.

Subtle.

Mrs. Bragg—I gave quite a nice little luncheon the other day. Didn't she tell you?

Mrs. Sly—No.

"Strange! Why, she was one of my guests."

"Yes; she told me that."—Philadelphia Press.

HOW A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN ESCAPED SPRING CATARRH BY USE OF PE-RU-NA.

Nothing Robs One of Strength Like Spring Catarrh--
Spring Fever is Spring Catarrh.

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Miss Helen Whitman, 308½ Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis., writes:

"There is nothing like Peruna for that tired feeling, which gives you no ambition for work or play. After a prolonged illness, about a year ago I felt unable to regain my health, but four bottles of Peruna made a wonderful change and restored me to perfect health. As long as you keep your blood in good condition you are all right, and Peruna seems to fill the veins with pure, healthful blood. I thoroughly endorse it."

MISS HELEN WHITMAN.

Have you got nerves? Well, you ought to have nerves. But they ought to be strong nerves, good nerves. Does your hand tremble? You are living too fast. Does your heart flutter at times? You had better call a halt. Americans live too fast. They crowd too much into a single day. They have too little leisure. The hospitals and insane asylums are filling up. The quiet, pastoral scenes of yore are becoming rare. It's time that we quit this sort of business.

How to Get Strong Nerves.

First, repair the injury already done to your nerves. The way to do this is to do exactly as did Mattie B. Curtis, Secretary of Legion of Loyal Women, Hotel Salem, Boston, Mass. She said in a recent letter: "I suffered for over a year with general weakness and debility manifested in severe headache and backache. I took four bottles of Peruna, and for two months have been entirely free from these maladies."

Nervous Prostration.

Thousands of cases might be quoted in which Peruna has been used to rescue people from the perdition of deranged nerves, and put them on the good, solid foundation of health. The County Auditor of Erie county, New York, Hon. John W. Neff, in a recent letter written at Buffalo, New York, stated: "I was persuaded by a friend to try a bottle of your great nerve tonic, Peruna, and the results were so gratifying that I am more than pleased to recommend it."

A Spring Tonic.

Almost everybody needs a tonic in the spring. Something to brace the nerves, invigorate the brain and cleanse the blood. That Peruna will do this is beyond all question. Everyone who has tried it has had the same experience as Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, of Lynchburg, Va., who, in a recent letter, made use of the following words: "I always take a dose of Peruna after business hours, as it is a great thing for the nerves. There is no better spring tonic, and I have used about all of them."

Catarrh in Spring.

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Lulu Larmer, Stoughton, Wis., says:

Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

"For two years I suffered with nervous trouble and stomach disorders until it seemed that there was nothing to me but a bundle of nerves. I was very irritable, could not sleep, rest or compose myself, and was certainly unfit to take care of a household. I took nerve tonics and pills without benefit. When I began taking Peruna I grew steadily better, my nerves grew stronger, my rest was no longer fitful, and to-day I consider myself in perfect health and strength. My recovery was slow but sure, but I persevered and was rewarded by perfect health."—Mrs. Lulu Larmer.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Economy, Not Oddity.

Friend—Why do you wear those fearfully old-fashioned collars?

Winkers (a man of affairs)—Because when the washerwoman sends them to anybody else they always return them.—Stray Stories.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

TO HOMESEEKERS

GOOD FARMS with productive soils can be secured on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway in Tennessee, Kentucky, Alabama, Georgia. PRICES REASONABLE. Climate healthful, never very cold or very hot. All marketable crops grown and bring better prices than in the North. Rainfall ample and well distributed.

CORRESPONDENCE with Real Estate Agents in the North invited . . . .

For pamphlets write to
H. F. SMITH, Traffic Manager,
NASHVILLE, TENN.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE

You can buy of us at wholesale prices and save money. Our 1,000-page catalogue tells the story. We will send it upon receipt of 15 cents. Your neighbors trade with us—why not you?

Montgomery Ward & Co.
CHICAGO
The house that tells the truth.

WHEN PAIN AND ANGUISH WRING THE BROW, A MINISTERING ANGEL THOU:

BROMO-SELTZER 10¢

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FREE TO WOMEN

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ills, curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. THE R. PAXTON CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES

IN GREAT VARIETY for sale at the lowest prices by

A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Co.
71 Ontario Street, Cleveland, Ohio

FINE SERVICE TO MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD — MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL VALLEY ROUTE

NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

Via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route. Tickets of agents of I. C. R. R. and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., CHICAGO.

WESTERN CANADA

GRAIN GROWING. MIXED FARMING.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THE REASON WHY more wheat is grown in Western Canada in a few short months, is because vegetation grows in proportion to the sunlight. The more northerly the latitude in which grain will come to perfection, the better it is. Therefore 52 pounds per bushel is as fair a standard as 60 pounds in the East.

Area under crop in Western Canada, 1902, 1,987,330 Acres,

Yield, 1902, 117,922,754 Bushels.

HOMESTEAD LANDS OF 160 ACRES FREE, the only charge for which is $10 for making entry.

Abundance of water and fuel, cheap building material, good grass for pasture and hay, a fertile soil, a sufficient rainfall, and a climate giving an assured and adequate season of growth. Send to the following for an Atlas and other literature, and also for certificate giving you reduced freight and passenger rates, etc., Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or H. M. WILLIAMS, Room 20, Law Bldg., Toledo, Ohio; authorized Canadian Government Agent

POTATOES $2.50 Bbl.

Largest growers of Seed Potatoes in America. The "Rural New Yorker" gives Salzer's Early Wisconsin a yield of 748 bu. per a. Prices dirt cheap. Mammoth seed book and sample of Teosinte, Spelts, Macaroni Wheat, 65 bu. per a., Giant Clover, etc., upon receipt of 10c postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. La Crosse, Wis.

434 Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c 25c. 50c. All Druggists

Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

WANTED—MILITARY LAND WARRANTS. $5 paid persons telling me who has one, whether I buy or not. R. K. KELLEY, Baird Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

WE PAY 5% Interest on time deposits. Write for particulars HOW and WHY we do it. FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Warren, Minn.

A. N. K.—C 1964

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
BUFFALO, N. Y.
396-408 Main Street,

STYLISH
Coats
AND
Suits

WE invite comparison of our Suits and Coats with others, both as to quality and price. Here are some bargains:

50 Ladies' Tailored Suits, in black and blue, all-wool Cheviot, blouse finished with double cape collars, full sleeves and plaited skirt; $15 value for..... $8.98

100 Castor Covert Cloth Jackets, with velvet collar, lined throughout with good quality of Romanie, double and single breasted. The greatest value ever offered, worth $7.50 for..... $3.98

Splendid assortment of silk Monte Carlo Coats, were $6.50 to $20, marked down to $4.00 to $15. Some splendid bargains in this lot.

Misses' and Children's Coats, were $4.00 to $15, now $3.00 to..... $10.00

The Restaurant.

Our patrons will find our Cafe on the 4th floor an excellent place to rest and enjoy a full meal or a light lunch at moderate price.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

We are
Offering
Reduced Prices
on

Winter
Suits
AND
Overcoats

We carry an up-to-date stock of

Hats, Caps,
Shirts,
Neckwear,
Suit Cases,
Umbrellas,

In fact anything you may wish in

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS LINE.

Now is the Time to Buy.

R. SEGER & SON,
Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa

It's Worth While

Your reading this artcle BECAUSE it is an unbiased review of FACTS concering the business of a Company with which YOU should be doing business, originally written and published by the "Mercantile and Financial Times," without request or payment.

Now Reprinted by Request.

AN ANSWER TO INQUIRIES.

Numerous inquiries have recently been received at the New York and Philadelphia offices of the "Mercantile and Financial Times" asking for information as to the methods and business of the Storey Cotton Company, whose general offices are located in the Bourse Building; Philadelphia, as well as to the desirability and value of investment made with this company. On several occasions in the past there appeared in these colums extended and favorable references to this company from the pen of our Philadelphia correspondent, and we have carefully watched the progress and operation of the company in order to determine whether his commendation was justified by subsequent developments.

Justice to a worthy corporation requires that we should extend the editorial endorsement of this paper to this company at the present time, and to say that it has more than fulfilled every claim orginally advanced in its behalf. It is only simply truth and justice to say that the management of the company is to-day entitled to the highest praise and commendation for the conscientious straightforward manner in which they have carried out all of their obligations to those who have become indentified with the enterprise as investors, and we are full warranted in making the assertion that no financial or investment institution in the country can show a cleaner, more satisfactory or honorable record in its liberal treatment of investors and the public at large than the Storey Cotton Company.

We are much gratified, of course, that the later development of the company's business and its fair and equitable methods have justified the early predictions of our Philadelphia correspondent, and it is equally a pleasure to add that the company are to-day stronger and better able to carry out their obligations than at any time in the past. We have the utmost confidence in the judgment and discretion of our Philadelphia correspondent, who has been the regular representative of this paper in that city for more than a quarter of a century past; and he has been thoroughly conversant with the business of the Storey Cotton Company from its inception, as well as its plans and methods, its financial stability and the high character of its management, his unqualified endorsement of the same naturally carries great weight.

The record of the Storey Cotton Company is one that can be assailed in no particclar whatever; its treatment of its clients has always been eminently fair and just, and it has never made a promise that has not been fulfilled to the letter. We can only emphasize the fact that an investment made with this company possesses every essential element of security and remuneration, and we are confident that those who make such investments will place their money in an enterprise where every possible safeguard is thrown around the principal and where large earnings are assured beyond any reasonal doubt.

The fullest particulars sent FREE to readers of this paper on application.

THE
STOREY COTTON COMPANY
(Incorporated.)
11 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
The Bourse, Philadelphia, Pa.
Exchange Bldgs., Liverpool, Eng.
References in this section if desired.

LOUIS M. GINTER,
Agent for Cameron County, Emporium, Pa. 7-4t.

About South Dakota.

During 1902 South Dakota harvested 46,858,000 bushels of wheat, value $26,238,000, and sold live stock to the value of $31,269,000.

There are splendid opportunities for success in South Dakota to-day. One crop sometimes pays for a farm.

Tickets $14 from Chicago or Milwaukee to South Dakota points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Dates, April 7 and 14, 1903.

Additional information on request.

John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Room D, Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa. 6-2t.

A Weak Stomach

Indigestion is often caused by overeating. An eminent authority says the harm done thus exceeds that from the excessive use of alcohol. Eat all the good food you want but don't overload the stomach. A weak stomach may refuse to digest what you eat. Then you need a good digestant like Kodol, which digests your food without the stomach's aid. This rest and the wholesome tonics Kodol contains soon restore health. Dieting unnecessary. Kodol quickly relieves the feeling of fulness and bloating from which some people suffer after meals. Absolutely cures indigestion.

Kodol Nature's Tonic.

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box.
Sold by R. C. Dodson, druggist.

A Story of Bishop Williams.

It is told of Bishop Williams of Connecticut, for many years presiding bishop of the Episcopal church in America, who lived all his life a bachelor, that he was talking one day with a young man from the west about a tax a western state was trying to impose on bachelors, the tax to be increased a certain per cent for every ten years of bachelorhood.

"Why, bishop," said the young man, "at your age you would have to pay about $100 a year."

"Well," said the bishop quietly and in his old time vernacular, "it's wuth it."

His Part.

Little Jack—What did papa mean by saying that he was captain of this ship?

Ma—Oh, that is only his way of saying that he is the head of the house.

Little Jack—Then, if pa is the captain, what are you?

Ma—Well, I suppose I am the pilot.

Little Jack—Oh, yes, and then I must be the compass?

Ma—The compass! Why the compass?

Little Jack—Why, the captain and pilot are always boxing the compass, you know.

Needed Them All.

A well known authoress was once talking with a dilapidated bachelor, who retained little but his conceit.

"It is time now," he said pompously, "for me to settle down as a married man, but I want so much. I want youth, health, wealth, of course; beauty, grace"—

"Yes," said his fair listener sympathetically, "you poor man, you do want them all."

Prophetic.

Henry W. Grady less than a month before his death at the early age of thirty-nine remarked to a friend: "Imagine me as an old man! Picture me baldheaded, half blind, toothless and leaning on a cane! It can never be. It is too ridiculous. A man with my riotous blood, tremendous energy and restless activity must die young!"

Shirt Sleeves to Shirt Sleeves.

Oliver Wendell Holmes counted only three generations between shirt sleeves and shirt sleeves. A daughter of Tolstoi in an interview with Henry Norman expressed the same idea in these words: "No Russian ever 'founds a family,' as you say. A man makes his fortune; his son lavishes it; his son disperses it."

The Measure of Success.

It is one of the appointed conditions of the labor of men that in proportion to the time between the seed sowing and the harvest is the fullness of the fruit, and that generally, therefore, the farther off we place our aim and the less we desire to be ourselves the witnesses of what we have labored for, the more wide and rich will be the measure of our success.—John Ruskin.

A Symphony of Colors.

Gray was asked why he had written the "Elegy In a Country Churchyard."

"Because," he returned, "I thought it was the best place to make the ghost walk."

And indeed this seemed reasonable when it was remembered in addition to being Gray he had both duns and blues.—New York Tribune.

A Breach of Etiquette.

"Am I to understand that you were discharged from the army for a mere breach of etiquette?" queried the interested friend.

"Yes, sir," boldly asserted Colonel Blupher.

"What was it?"

"Turning my back to the enemy."—Philadelphia Record.

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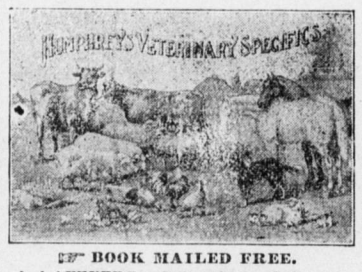

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